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FIRST EDITION.
MIDNIGHT.

STATE CAPITAL.

Republican Caucus.

MACKEY NOMINATED!

Unanimity of Feeling!

ONLY ONE BALLOT!

[Special Dispatch to Pittsburgh Gazette.]
HARRISBURG, January 10, 1871.

ORGANIZATION OF CAUCUS.

The Republican Treasury Caucus met at eight o'clock, Mr. WHITE presiding.

REPORTERS EXCLUDED.

Senator EVANS moved that the reporters of the Harrisburg, Philadelphia and Pittsburgh papers be admitted.

ABSTRACT OF RESULT GIVEN THE PRESS.

Mr. HUTAN moved to amend by instructing Secretaries to give reporters the result of the balloting. Carried.

CANDIDATES FOR STATE TREASURER.

Hon. R. W. Mackey, George F. Hough and G. Dawfon Coleman were placed in nomination for State Treasurer.

A resolution to sustain unanimously the result of the caucus passed, though opposed.

Mr. EVANS offered a series of resolutions:

First—Opposing personal references.

Second—That personalities growing out of these contests had a disastrous effect on the Republican party.

Third—That the withdrawal of all candidates heretofore prominent would have a wholesome effect and be a patriotic sacrifice on the altar of their country.

The first and second resolutions were passed.

The third indefinately postponed.

RESULT OF BALLOTING.

The caucus then proceeded to ballot, with the following result: Mackey had 52 votes; Hough, 8; Coleman, 7; Taggart, 1. Clark, Fulton, McJunkin, McMullen, Miller, of Erie, Starr, Stone and Wheeler, voted for Hough. Zerbe, Reinoche, Priser, Purcell, Engle, Hoopes, Billingfelt, Evans and Warfel, voted for Coleman. Wiley voted for Taggart. Coray, absent.

R. W. Mackey, Esq., Nominated for State Treasurer—He Receives 52 Votes out of 69 Cast.

HARRISBURG, January 10, 1871.

The State Treasurer caucus, so anxiously looked for, took place this evening, at eight o'clock. All the Republican members were present but one and the utmost harmony prevailed. The following is the vote: R. W. Mackey, 52; J. D.Coleman, 9; J. H. Hough, 8. A resolution was passed unanimously pledging all the members to stand by the caucus nominee. The Democrats are divided, as they expected trouble and hoped enough Republicans would bolt and enable them to defeat the caucus nominee. Irwin, State Treasurer, feels bad, but says nothing. He done his best to create disturbance, but failed. M.

SECOND DISPATCH.
HARRISBURG, January 10, 1871.

Everybody is jubilant over the harmony, and good feeling that succeeds the Republican caucus, except the Democrats, who were confident of a bolt, which would have enabled them to carry off the victory. Mackey's nomination appears to please even the strongest Democrats say they would prefer him, if a Republican had to be nominated. C.

Standing Committees of the Senate—Private Bills and Resolutions—Obstructive Place for the Gettysburg Battle Painting—Tribute of Respect to Senator Watt, &c.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]
HARRISBURG, January 10, 1871.

SENATE.

STANDING COMMITTEES.

The Speaker announced the following standing committees.

Constitutional Reform—Messrs. Buckalew, Brodhead, Penman, Davis, Olmstead, Connell, White.

Federal Relations—Messrs. Buckalew, Turner, Dechert, White, Graham.

Finance—Messrs. Parman, Davis, Dill, Billingfelt, Connell.

Judiciary, General—Messrs. Davis, Dechert, Potriken, White, Olmstead.

Judiciary, Local—Messrs. Dill, Albright, Penman, Herron, Mumma.

Estates and Escheats—Messrs. Putriken, Duncan, Albright, Olmstead, Allen.

Pensions and Gratuities—Messrs. Albright, Turner, Knight, Kerr, Warfel.

Corporations.—Messrs. Nagle, Miller, Randall, Graham and Kerr.

Banks.—Messrs. Findlay, Duncan, Miller, Graham and Rutan.

Canals and Inland Navigation.—Messrs. Miller, Crawford, Knight, Hensey, and Delamater.

Railroads.—Messrs. Randall, Dill, Crawford, Connell and Graham.

Retrenchment and Reform.—Messrs. Brodhead, Buckalew, Crawford, Brooke and Billingfelt.

Education.—Messrs. Turner, Brodhead, Knight, Warfel and Anderson.

Agriculture and Domestic Manufactures.—Messrs. Miller, Findlay, Kerr, Brooke and Evans.

Military Affairs—Messrs. Dechert, Petriken, Randall, White, and Delamater.

Vice and Immorality.—Messrs. Broadhead, Knight, Evans, Hensey and Delamater.

Private Claims and Damages.—Duncan, Miller, Turner, Watt and Rutan.

Public Printing.—Messrs. Duncan, Davis Petriken, Hensey and Allen.

Mines and Mining.—Messrs. Turner, Randall, Dechert, Mumma and Osterhout.

RULE OF SENATE.

The Speaker also promulgated the following rule:

Bills upon any of the following subjects are ruled not to be in order under provisions of the Constitution and of the rules of the Senate. Senators will be out of order in reading such bills, and the Senate committees will be out of order in reporting any bill comprised herein: The adoption of children; the granting of divorces for any of the following causes: adultery, cruel treatment, desertion, impotency, consanguinity, or affinity within the statute; marriage obtained by fraud, force or coercion; conviction of felony, void marriages, creation or alteration of election districts, changing places of holding elections; authorizing sale of real estate, mortgage of real estate, or conveying real estate on ground rent; changing school districts, erecting independent school districts dividing townships, erecting new townships, altering or establishing boundary lines of townships; changing lines or limits of boroughs, incorporating boroughs, or altering or enlarging charters of boroughs; changing name of corporation, amending charters of corporations, despoiling corporations, incorporating either agricultural, barge, base ball, beneficial, building, cemetery and burial, charitable and city hall associations, clubs for the advancement of athletic sports, fire engine and fire insurance companies, fishing clubs, Free Masons' hall associations, hook and ladder and hose companies, literary associations, live stock insurance companies, loan associations, musical societies, associations and clubs, Odd Fellows' hall, religious, savings fund, scientific, shad ing and park associations, societies for the detection of thieves and the recovery of stolen goods, teachers institutes and associations, town hall associations, or water companies, and all bills creating any of these corporations, although the same may contain powers not beyond the power of the courts to grant.

RESOLUTIONS AND RESOLUTIONS.

Mr. CONNELL presented a resolution of the Philadelphia Academy of Fine Arts, of the Philadelphia Academy of Fine Arts, of forcing the Gallery in Free Exhibition of Bothernell's Gettysburg Battle Painting.

Mr. BELL introduced a law authorizing voters at elections of School Directors to give their votes to less number of candidates than the whole number to be chosen upon principle of free voting.

Mr. GRAHAM—A joint resolution endorsing the report of a recent Committee visiting Washington to protest against obstruction in the Ohio river, and requesting the governor to transmit the same to the President and Congress.

This resolution recites that since the adjournment of the last Legislature the Company incorporated by Ohio and Kentucky have commenced the erection of a bridge at Cincinnati fatal to commerce and navigation, because the elevation is only seventy-two feet above low water and eight above highest water piers in low and high water channels; the draw is out of the channel and inaccessible to all crafts at all stages of the water, and the bridge is in no respect conformable to the letter or spirit of the Act of Congress.

Also an act enabling the School Board of the Third Ward, Allegheny, to borrow sixty thousand dollars.

Mr. ANDERSON offered a bill incorporating the Ladies' Homeopathic Hospital, Pittsburgh—Miss Mary Moorehead, Mrs. Robinson ad Mrs. Max Moorhead principal corporators.

By Mr. WHITE, relative to the practice in the Orphans' Courts, which authorizes the transfer of funds by guardians in this State to guardians of the same minors in other States.

By Mr. CONNELL, relieving bequests made for public, religious, charitable and scientific purposes from collateral inheritance tax: allowing the Courts to incorporate companies for the propagation of fish; requiring deposits in Savings Banks unclaimed for twenty-five years, to be paid into the State Treasury.

By Mr. CRAWFORD, appropriating twenty-five thousand dollars for relief of certain citizens of Middletown, for property destroyed by fire, December 31st.

By Mr. ALLEN, a resolution endorsing a proposed act of Congress, giving soldiers of the late war, one hundred and sixty acres of land, without occupancy. Laid over.

Mr. DECHERT announced the death of Senator Watt in a speech, submitting a resolution.

Mr. CONNELL passed an eulogium on the deceased.

Adjourned.

HOUSE.

COMMITTEES ANNOUNCED.

The speaker announced the Committee on Constitutional Reform as Messrs. Mann White, Reinoehl, Coray, Miller, Prizer, Meek, Skinner, McGowen. The Committee on Legislative Record: Messrs. Ellis, Johnston, and Humphreys.

THADDEUS STEVENS COLLATERAL INHERITANCE TAX.

Mr. SCHNATTERLY offered a resolution inquiring of Auditor General what action had been taken to secure collateral inheritance tax on the estate of the late Thaddeus Stevens. Lost.

COMMITTEE ON APPORTIONMENT.

Mr. SMITH, of Philadelphia, called up the resolution for a Committee of thirteen on the apportionment. Indefinitely postponed on motion of Mr. REINOEHL.

PLACE FOR GETTYSBURG BATTLE PAINTING.

Mr. REINOUHL called up a resolution for a committee to select a place for the Gettysburg Battle Painting.

Mr. MILLER, Pa., moved an amendment adding the Philadelphia Mayor and Councils to the committee.

Mr. ROBB moved to add the Mayor and Councils of Pittsburgh. Both amendments withdrawn.

Mr. SHINKWIN moved an amendment, designating Harrisburg as the place. Lost.

Mr. MARSHALL moved to instruct the committee to inquire only into an eligible place. Carried.

Adjourned.

THE CAPITAL.

International Maritime Intercourse—French Legation Ask for an Appropriation—Senatorial Contest in Missouri—The McGarrahan Claim—The National Asylum, its Management—Bold Robbery, &c.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]
WASHINGTON, January 10, 1870.

MARITIME DECISION.

It was mentioned recently that the master of the Canadian schooner Emery had notified the Collector of the port of Erie that he proposed to winter at that point with a cargo of barley, and the question arose whether he would be allowed to do so without paying the fees prescribed for supporting the necessary inspection force. After a careful examination of the law, the Treasury Department yesterday decided that there was no legislation contrary to the request made, and that the vessel should be permitted to remain. It appears that the Collector at Erie construed the law to require Emery to winter along side of the Emery, for the security of the Government, and to see that the cargo was not put on the hatches are not broken until the vessel is ready to deliver its cargo to the custom officers next spring. The application of the master of the Emery to winter in an American port with a full cargo has directed the attention of the Treasury Department to the defects in the existing law on the subject of international maritime intercourse, and a bill will undoubtedly be prepared and submitted to Congress by the Secretary of the Treasury, specifying under what conditions foreign vessels may claim the privilege of wintering in the ports of the United States in this instance. The Canadian exporters have storage for at least four months, and have the advantage of offering their cargo of barley to early spring purchasers.

FRENCH LEGATION ASK FOR AN APPROPRIATION.

Secretary Fish has sent to the Committee on Appropriations a dispatch from Minister Washburne, dated Versailles, 26th, Dec., enclosing a letter from the French Minister, asking that an appropriation will be laid before the House and ordered printed, asking for an appropriation for the expenses of the Legation, during the Franco-American Minister. The Prussian Government has sent Washburne fifty thousand francs. Over thirty thousand cases of refugees have been inquired into, and the whole time fourteen hours per day. On several occasions the Minister and persons employed in the office of our Minister's office before seven o'clock in the morning, and often from 2,000 to 3,000 persons were waiting. The official agreement, were accepted for railroad tickets, were issued to these persons. The Legation had been throughout the services of the Secretaries of the Saxon and Bramstadt Legations. The Minister has expended large sums of this duty have been $1,000, and the whole will probably not exceed $1,500, to the end of the year. Washburne will pay the vast amount of labor performed by the attaches of the Legation, Mr. Washburne asks that compensation be paid them, as follows: Secretary, $600; Second Secretary, First Secretary, $600; Second Secretary, $500; Messenger, $6; Guard, $100. These amounts, together with the salary actually received, only require an extra appropriation of $3,000.

THE M'GARRAHAN CLAIM!

The House Judiciary Committee this morning resumed the consideration of the McGarrahan claim with reference to the alleged issuance of a patent for the same in March 1863 and its subsequent destruction and suppression. N. O. Stoddard, formerly Secretary to the President, testified that he appeared before the Commissioner and swore that to the best of his knowledge and belief the signature to the petition for the Rancho in March, 1863, being the property which McGarrahan claims. He also testified that an unexecuted patent was exhibited on behalf of the new Idra company and was the only one ever made out in the said company's name. He could not recall many particulars from the patent which he remembers signing. I. N. Grange, Recorder in the Land Office now going to the Land Office seven years, testified to letters which, according to the custom of the department, accompanied the papers submitted to him to be recorded, were missing from the files of his office between the dates of January and June, 1863. He therefore unable to state whether or not the said rancho had been executed. In regard to the certificate of the Surveyor General that the patent therein recorded as signed by the President had not to his knowledge been delivered. Mr. Granger swore that he appended his name to the certificate under compulsion of a written order from H. Barlow, and under a written order from H. Barlow, and peremptory verbal instructions from Commissioner Wilson, and is under the impression that the said patent in consequence lost or illegitimately abstracted from the files of his office between the 4th and 7th of March, 1863. He cannot corroborate the statement of Secretary Seward that the patent for Pa oche Grand Rancho was signed, sealed and executed.

SENATORIAL CONTEST IN MISSOURI.

A *Tribune* Washington special says that intelligence had been received to-day concerning the Missouri Senatorial contest, which appears to make the defeat of Senator Henderson certain. The Democrats have one majority on joint ballot, with one Senator sick or absent. The Democrats will make no caucus nomination, and will go into the election with two other candidates besides Blair, finding it impossible to unite on him. The Republicans have a majority of one upon joint ballot. Chief Justice of the State Supreme Court, who was last fall re-elected to his position upon the bench by the Democratic vote of both parties. He is said to be the ablest jurist in the West.

THE NATIONAL ASYLUM.

The House Committee on military affairs, this morning continued the examination in the investigation of the management of the Asylum. Gen. F. Butler, President of the National Asylum, and counsel suggests that the members of the Inquiry were present before the committee. The effort seems to be to impugn Butler's management and his use of the funds of the institution.

NOMINATION OF JUSTICE FOR SUPREME COURT OF MONTANA.

The President sent the following nomination to the Senate to-day: John J. Murphy, Associate Justice of the Supreme Court of Montana territory.

BOLD ROBBERY.

Last night the through train from New York, which left Baltimore for Washington at 11 o'clock, was boarded by robbers, who broke into the baggage car and threw off five trunks near the Four Mile House, and after which he boarded the car, left the train at the Riley House and went back to secure the trunks.

Detectives discovered that no clothing was taken, their object seeming to be to secure valuables. One gentleman had $2,000 worth of diamonds in a box which the thieves did not succeed in getting. No clue to the robbers has been discovered.

SECOND EDITION.
FOUR O'CLOCK.

FROM EUROPE.

Fighting Around Paris!

STRUGGLE AT VENDOME!

Contest Waxing Desperate!

FRENCH FINANCIAL SITUATION!

Return to Assignats!

BISMARK PROMISES ENGLAND INDEMNITY!

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]
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BRIEF TELEGRAMS.

—The weather is extremely warm west and northwest of Chicago.

—The Potomac river is closed by ice both above and below Washington.

—The old directors of the National banks of Washington are generally re-elected yesterday.

—The steamship Palmyra, from New York for Liverpool arrived at Queenstown, January 4th.

—Loeb & Bros., retail clothiers of Cincinnati, made an assignment yesterday. Assets $12,500.

—The Virginia Legislature is again discussing the arbitration of West Virginia's share of State debt.

—Gov. Clayton, of Arkansas, was elected yesterday United States Senator by a vote of 64 against 11.

—The Missouri River opened at Fort Benton, M. T., on Monday, and is now entirely free from ice at that place.

—Stephen S. Cardwell, for 45 years cashier of the Bank of Syracuse, and ex-Mayor of N. J. died yesterday morning, aged 70 years.

—The wife of President Cespedis, arrived last night at Havanna. Her husband met her at the Orphan Asylum and will probably be allowed to go to the United States.

—J. R. Revest was elected United States Senator, from Louisiana, on the second ballot yesterday, by a large majority. There is great rejoicing among Gov. Warmouth's friends.

—The contract for building a bridge across the Platte River opposite Fremont, Nebraska, was let on Monday, the superstructure alone to be $50,000 to R. W. Smith & Co., of Toledo, Ohio.

—Col. Fisher, late Commissioner of Patents, was in town to-day. He will be nominated by Christian Association of Cincinnati last night, in the presence of a large audience, in the place of Mr. Burchard.

—A heavy snow storm at and west of Reno on the Central Pacific Railroad, Monday night and this morning telegraphic communications with the East temporarily. No report as to the running of trains.

—It is rumored that the steamer leaving Acquia Creek, Saturday night, for Fort Monroe struck the Ironsides, from damage by the ice. The story requires confirmation. The Acquia Creek route soon to be open to navigation.

—Governor Hoffman has signed Governor Butler holds the balance of power in the Legislature, and that no Senator can be elected without the consent of the latter. It is said there shall be no investigating committee in regard to the school funds.

—Resolutions were adopted by the New York Board of Aldermen yesterday expressing sympathy with the released Fenian prisoners, and appointing a special committee of two to receive and welcome Assistant Aldermen in tendering them a reception.

—Hon. J. Kelley, postmaster of New York under Lincoln, died at his residence, Irving Place. He was prostrated by paralysis on Thursday last at his house, and soon found his end approaching. His physician thinks he cannot live another day.

—The Kansas Legislature effected a partial organization yesterday by the election of Geo. A. Crotber, Secretary of the Senate, and Jas. Simpson, Speaker of the House. The organization is to be completed to-morrow. No particular necessary action is looked for at present. Governor Harvey will send to the Executive officers of either branch.

—John Zoak, belonging in Farmington, Illinois, committed suicide at the Tremont House, in Chicago, on Monday evening, by taking poison. It appears by the evidence before the coroner's jury, that Zoak and his brother eloped with a young girl. Father Hoyne won the girl, and John had nothing to live for.

—The Supreme Court of Appeals, of Virginia, has decided that a person suspected of or a last debt to the State cannot be released by any process until the debt be paid. The lower court had decided that the act for the relief of debtors for seventeen years unconstitutional. The Supreme Court reversed this decision and remanded Judge Underwood, Byrne, who owes the State $2,500 tax debt to prison until the money is paid.

—The annual report of the Commissioner on cattle diseases, was presented to Congress by message of the President, and ordered to be printed. They yesterday advocated prompt and strong measures to prevent the spread of the contagion, and suggests that the sanitary authorities should cause the infected soil in Brighton and other cattle markets to be dug up, removed and other precautions relative to driving and herding cattle.

—The St. Louis *Democrat*'s correspondent at Topeka says that the Legislature will ballot to-day, and probably be organized by the election of Anti-Clark officers. The Senatorial contest is exciting much interest and candidates are being talked of. The prominent candidates are T. H. Walker, Sidney Clark and E. G. Ross, present Senator ex-Governor Crawford, Judge Wakefield, of the Supreme Court, and ex-Governor Carnes.

—Another investigation into the frauds in the Methodist Book Concern in this city will be begun by the Book Committee, Thursday, in the Book Rooms, No. 805 Broadway. The committee will examine into the truth of certain accusations made against the assistant agent, Dr. Lanahan, charging him with acting in a manner detrimental to the publishing interest of the Methodist Episcopal Church. It is understood the session is to be a private one.

41ST CONGRESS.
(THIRD SESSION.)

By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]
WASHINGTON, January 10, 1871.

SENATE.

Mr. BUCKINGHAM introduced a Joint resolution authorizing the President to appoint a Joint Commission to determine the claim for damages on Commissioners of the United States by British cruisers. Referred.

Mr. HARLAN introduced a bill authorizing the Secretary of War to construct a telegraph line to military posts on the Missouri River. Referred.

Mr. ROSS offered a resolution, which was adopted, calling on the Secretary of the Interior to transmit to the Senate copies of all correspondence relative to the disposal of the Miami Indian reservation or any part thereof subsequent to 1865.

Mr. WILSON, from the Military Committee, reported, with merely verbal amendments, the House bill granting the State of Ohio title and jurisdiction over the property purchased for a National Asylum of Disabled Soldiers.

Mr. JEWETT introduced a bill to organize the Territory of Oklahoma and consolidate certain Indian tribes under territorial government.

Mr. POMEROY introduced a joint resolution for the relief of settlers on public lands, providing that settlers shall have twelve months additional time in which to make proofs and payments.

Mr. WILSON introduced a bill for the removal of political disabilities, which provides that persons be relieved except those who left the Cabinet or Congress in 1860 and 1861, and such as held offices since May 31st, 1870. Referred.

Mr. SAWYER asked the Senate to proceed to the consideration of the bill to relieve certain persons therein named from legal and political disabilities, imposed by the last Fourteenth Amendment of the Constitution of the United States.

Mr. POMEROY next objected to the bill, expressing surprise that Southern Senators one day wanted the removal of political disabilities wholesale, and the next dispose of cases, and began in 1867 with the robbery of a gunsmith's shop in Montpelier, Vt. The next was in July following, when the decent upon a jewelry store took place, which has until now remained a mystery. Handlon, Pratt and Slattery were the operators, and obtained nearly $300 in goods. This was succeeded by the robbery of two stores in Whitehall—Handlon, Slattery, and one Rose being the operators. Returning to Montpelier in August, 1870, the offices of O. D. Smith, Dr. Forsaith, and Randall & Durant were "gone through," a small amount of plunder being obtained in the first-named two, though Handlon claims that he obtained a lump of gold worth $60 in Dr. Forbush's. Handlon was added here by St. John.

The same parties then went to Bellows Falls and robbed a clothing store; thence to Putney, where they broke open the post office house, obtaining $160 in money and a gold watch. Here operations were suspended for a time, and the booty disposed of, the parties stopping at Whitehall. In June last, Handlon removed his old stock by breaking into a dwelling house in Bradford, N. H., obtaining $7 and a watch; next Redfield's clothing store in Claremont was broken open and robbed; also a jewelry store at Bellows Falls. Smith's meat market in Montpelier was the next on the list, where he obtained about $2 in money. After this he returned to Lebanon, where he robbed a grocery store, obtaining $15 and a large quantity of cigars, also a drug store, securing $40. In August, aided by Devoe, he broke open a meat market in Brandon; then went to Claremont, where they visited their hand a second time upon a clothing store, securing several very valuable suits of clothing. A jewelry store in Alsted was the next to suffer, $200 in a "speck basketful" of watches and jewelry was obtained, as Handlon alleges; then they went again to Newport, obtaining a quantity of jewelry and $10; thence to South Vernon, Vt., where a store was broken into, and money and goods, including a fine watch, obtained; then again to Claremont, where a store was robbed of boots and shoes, and $12 in money, and returning to the latter village a grocery was relieved of 12,000 cigars, pipes, and $10 in money. At Montpelier, Bennett's shop was again visited by only two or three revolvers being obtained. The horses "borrowed" by Handlon and Devoe were one at South Vernon, one at Putney, and one at Claremont, both being left at Bellows' Falls, and one at Newport.

The boys in this gang are all sons of well-to-do farmers, and are most of them ordinarily well educated, and have no excuse for their course of crime.

OHIO.

Supreme Court Pronounces By-Law of Recent Annexations to Cincinnati Unconstitutional—Democratic State Central Committee—The Proceedings of the General Assembly.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]
COLUMBUS, January 10.—The Supreme Court to-day pronounced the by-law by which recent annexations have been made to Cincinnati unconstitutional. The law providing for the payment of Morgan's raid claims was also pronounced void, not having received a two-thirds vote in the Legislature on its enactment.

The Convention of the Democratic State Central Committee met here to-day, and decided to hold their next State Convention at Columbus, on the first day of June. George H. Pendleton, C. L. Vallandigham, George W. McCook, L. D. Campbell, and other prominent Democrats were present.

The General Assembly met at 2 P. M., after a recess of two days. The House adopted a resolution, by a vote of 68 to 16, granting permission to place the memorial of Lincoln in the rotunda of the State House. A bill was introduced to reduce the salary of railroad commissioners from $4,000 to $2,500.

THE ROBBERS.

Not Those of Schiller but Green Mountain Boys.

In 1827 the towns along the border of New Hampshire and Vermont were visited by raiding parties of thieves, who planned their operations at a distance, and, swooping down when everything was prepared, broke into banks, stores, etc., carrying off everything of value. Detectives were in time put on the track of the depredators, and the Vermont papers indicate that all the marauders have been apprehended. It seems the gang was made up of lads less than twenty years old, led by an exceptionally able and artful rogue named Handlon, who seems to be an incipient Duval in the multiplicity and variety of his dodges and devices. The remarkable series of robberies, house-breaking, horse stealing, etc., which he has engineered extends over four years, and began in 1867 with the robbery of a gunsmith's shop in Montpelier, Vt. The next was in July following, when the decent upon a jewelry store took place, which has until now remained a mystery. Handlon, Pratt and Slattery were the operators, and obtained nearly $300 in goods. This was succeeded by the robbery of two stores in Whitehall—Handlon, Slattery, and one Rose being the operators. Returning to Montpelier in August, 1870, the offices of O. D. Smith, Dr. Forsaith, and Randall & Durant were "gone through," a small amount of plunder being obtained in the first-named two, though Handlon claims that he obtained a lump of gold worth $60 in Dr. Forbush's. Handlon was added here by St. John.

The same parties then went to Bellows Falls and robbed a clothing store; thence to Putney, where they broke open the post office house, obtaining $160 in money and a gold watch. Here operations were suspended for a time, and the booty disposed of, the parties stopping at Whitehall. In June last, Handlon removed his old stock by breaking into a dwelling house in Bradford, N. H., obtaining $7 and a watch; next Redfield's clothing store in Claremont was broken open and robbed; also a jewelry store at Bellows Falls. Smith's meat market in Montpelier was the next on the list, where he obtained about $2 in money. After this he returned to Lebanon, where he robbed a grocery store, obtaining $15 and a large quantity of cigars, also a drug store, securing $40. In August, aided by Devoe, he broke open a meat market in Brandon; then went to Claremont, where they visited their hand a second time upon a clothing store, securing several very valuable suits of clothing. A jewelry store in Alsted was the next to suffer, $200 in a "speck basketful" of watches and jewelry was obtained, as Handlon alleges; then they went again to Newport, obtaining a quantity of jewelry and $10; thence to South Vernon, Vt., where a store was broken into, and money and goods, including a fine watch, obtained; then again to Claremont, where a store was robbed of boots and shoes, and $12 in money, and returning to the latter village a grocery was relieved of 12,000 cigars, pipes, and $10 in money. At Montpelier, Bennett's shop was again visited by only two or three revolvers being obtained. The horses "borrowed" by Handlon and Devoe were one at South Vernon, one at Putney, and one at Claremont, both being left at Bellows' Falls, and one at Newport.

The boys in this gang are all sons of well-to-do farmers, and are most of them ordinarily well educated, and have no excuse for their course of crime.

WILD WESTERN SCENES.

How the Denizens of Illinois Pursue the Wolves.

[From the Bloomington (Ill.) Pantagraph, 5th.]

On Thursday morning last, a party of gentlemen, numbering between seventy-five and one hundred, assembled at the Funk homestead in Funk's Grove, for the purpose of participating in a wolf hunt. At about 9 o'clock a wolf was started and the fun commenced. After a chase of four or five miles, during which time the wolf was turned several times, and once was so nearly caught that he only escaped by jumping over the fence of Funk's horse hostrods by Mr. Isaac Funk, he was run into a log in the Grove and taken out alive. The wolf is now held in captivity at the Grove.

On Friday morning the hunt was continued and another wolf was started, as with the first a picture of civil war. Here was a chief in the mountains, and another chief on the sea shore. The latter escaped, as he made a straight course from Funk's Grove to McLean, from McLean to Atlanta, and from Atlanta back to the Grove, where, after a long chase, he succeeded in getting away. On Saturday, M. Chalkley Bell and son, while out quail hunting, came upon a wolf which they at first supposed to be the one which escaped the day before. They each fired a charge of quail shot at him, one of which knocked him over, but he again succeeded in getting away. The second day's chase was continued for a distance of over fifty miles.

During the long chase of Friday, six of the hounds gave out, and it is supposed they have died, as nothing has been seen or heard of them since.

Everything passed off smoothly and pleasantly during the hunt, no accidents of any kind having occurred.

A Heartless Joke.

The plan of hanging a little basket on the front door, to receive the cards of New Year's callers is becoming yearly more general. The Albany *Evening Journal* tells the following story of a practical joke, which this custom enabled a young man to play upon some young friends of his:

"There was one heartless joke played New Year's of which we must make mention. It deserves universal scorn, and how can it get its deserts sooner or surer than by being told of, and held up in these columns? At the house of one of our most wealthy and generous fellow citizens, ample preparations were made for the reception of guests. Three young ladies of much individual and collective lowliness of mind, were the greatest favorites, they had no calls until nearly nine o'clock in the evening, and, when the house was crowded, a light was given to have one called on him to conduct him to the gallows. While the remainder of the prisoners were at divine worship, efforts were made to prove some whisky down Sullivan's throat, but with very little effect. The prisoner clenched his teeth together, and turned his head in every direction, so that only a few drops of the spirit went down his throat. As soon as the keeper gave up attempting to give him the whiskey, Sullivan opened his eyes and asked him, as if to say, "you thought you were able." Not a particle of solid food has entered Sullivan's stomach for over a week past, and he did not attempt to keep up conversation with every one, including the keepers, his mother and his wife. Other efforts were made to force him stimulants, but were also proving futile, the keepers at length left Sullivan to his padded cell and his memory. Mrs. Sullivan and wife were in the prison during the day, and were in the cell, but beyond that and their praying for Sullivan, nothing occurred worthy of recording between them. Sullivan did not speak to them, and beyond the vacant stare of his eye at his mother, he gave no sign of recognition. As last night came on, he turned on his bed, put his face to the wall, and lay still. He did not change his position during the night, and about two hours shortly before midnight, threw the glare of a dark lantern through the barred door of the cell upon the figure of the shrunken, shrivelled up body of the man, the caved in face and deep eyes, with the unearthly pallor of his countenance made doubly so by the light of the lantern, made a terrible sight.

Capture of a Would-be Murderer.

A dispatch from Milwaukee dated the 10th inst. says: A desperado named Frank Benson created a big excitement in the house of R. Roberts, expressman, at nine o'clock last evening. Officers went out to feed his horse, and while ascending the ladder for some hay, Benson struck him two heavy blows which felled him to the floor, and was coming down to finish his work, but Roberts was just able to clutch a pitchfork, and made for the villain, who made a retreat. Assistance was soon summoned, and the would-be-murderer was arrested. Robbery was the object, as Benson formerly worked for Roberts, and knew he had money on his person on Saturday nights.

Disaster to the Ship Lucowa—823 Coolies Roasted Alive.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

BOSTON, January 10.—A letter dated Batavia, November 16th, and received in this city, states that the Italian ship "Lucowa," from Amoy for Callao, with coolies, was set on fire when near Neptune Island and abandoned by the captain and crew, who were saved by a passing vessel. The ship, One hundred and seventy coolies were picked up by the ship Juan Pone, and the remainder of the coolies, four hundred and twenty-five in number, perished in the flames.

EAST BIRMINGHAM COUNCILS.

Regular Monthly Meeting.

The regular monthly meeting of the East Birmingham Councils, was held at the Hall of the Walton Engine House, on Tuesday evening, January 10th, 1871.

The following members were present: Messrs. Hansen, Haberman, Nicholas, Jones, Hahn, Larkins, Wharton and the Burgess, Jenkin Jones, Esq., in the Chair.

On motion, the reading of the minutes of the previous meeting was dispensed with.

The Burgess then announced the following committees for the ensuing year:

Finance—Peter Haberman, Domenec Ihmsen, Clifton Wharton.

Streets—Nicholas Jones, Clifton Wharton, Leonard Hahn.

Police and Gas—Clifton Wharton, Nicholas Jones, Seth Larkins.

Market House Property—Domenec Ihmsen, Seth Larkins, Leonard Hahn.

Wharves—Leonard Hahn, Nicholas Jones, Domenec Ihmsen.

Fire Apparatus and Water—Seth Lar

THE DAILY GAZETTE.

OFFICIAL PAPER
Of Pittsburgh, Allegheny City and Allegheny County.

GAZETTE BUILDING:
Corner of Sixth Avenue and Cherry Alley Street.

WEDNESDAY, JAN. 11, 1871.

GOLD closed in New York yesterday at 110¼.

THE St. Louis *Democrat*, that advocated the election of Gratz Brown, urges the union of the whole party for the choice of United States Senator

THE Canadian Post Office Department intends to introduce the card postage scheme of transmitting open letters, written on a card, for one cent.

THE Legislature of Wisconsin met on the 10th inst. One of its duties will be to redistrict the State both for Congress and the State Legislature.

ALREADY the organization of the House on the 4th of March next is being discussed. The re-election of Mr. Blaine to the Speakership seems to be conceded.

WHAT is wrong with the Harrisburg Post office? Our members who subscribed for the GAZETTE have failed to receive a single copy of this paper. Will Mr. Bergner give this his attention? It is very important that all members have their papers delivered promptly.

THE Philadelphia Morning *Post* has passed into new hands, and appeared on Monday morning, as the property of a stock company in a new dress and with an abreviated name. It is now the *Philadelphia Post*. Mr. John D. Stockton still stands at the editorial helm.

IT is reported that Secretary Fish will, in a short time, retire from his present position as Secretary of State, and that his place will be filled by Senator Morton from Indiana. Secretary Fish has long been exceedingly anxious to resign, and while we shall regret the fact should he do so, no better man could be found to fill the vacancy than Senator Morton.

SENECA COUNTY, N. Y., is to have a new Democratic journal. The "organs" have become dreadfully alarmed over the fact, and some go so far as to assert that the new paper is to be supported with Radical money. Democratic journals also assert that there are quite enough Democratic papers now for the good of the county. One is too many for the *good* of any county.

THE Motley correspondence laid before Congress in response to a resolution, throws much light on the cause of Mr. Motley's recall. The correspondence is long; and embraces an extent of time from the first of July, 1870. It seems to have been the desire of the President to remove Mr. Motley for many weeks prior to so doing, and that finally he was compelled to relieve him of all right to discuss the Alabama question, simply because Mr. Motley adopted a tone and temper well calculated to do mischief. The Secretary of State, Mr. Fish, has set forth the reasons for having made a change, in a long and able communication, that ought to satisfy any unprejudiced reader that the fault lies wholly on Mr. Motley, and that the removal had nothing to do with either Mr. Sumner nor the San Domingo question.

THE reports relative to the Eastern Conference are exceedingly contradictory. A short time since it was asserted that it was indefinitely postponed because France refused to join, for the reason that the Republic was not recognized by the other powers. Later, it was reported that the Conference would meet soon even should France refuse to be represented. Later still it was announced that Favre was waiting to receive England's invitation to the Conference. It is to this last report we turn our attention. Why should France wait for an invitation from England? And should England invite France, how is the invitation to be addressed? Will Favre be requested to represent the French Republic? Should England do this, then France will be recognized as a Republic by all the powers who meet at the Conference, or else that Conference must be broken up at once. From this fact we are disposed to believe that Favre is paying England back for her late conduct, and is endeavoring through the medium of the Conference to have France recognized as a Republic.

NUMBERLESS rumors have been circulated to the effect that Mr. Greeley would be appointed one of the Commissioners of Investigation, in the San Domingo business; Mr. Horton being desirous of having the company of Mr. Greeley as Commissioner, wrote him a letter, requesting him to use his influence to secure for him (Mr. H.) an appointment on that committee. To this Mr. Greeley replies:

My Dear Sir: All I ever saw or heard of Gen. Grant assures me that he has too much sense to think of sending me to San Domingo. Thus far, he has honored and gratified me by never suggesting to me that I could be more useful to the country, or to his Administration, in any other position than in that which I have filled to my own entire satisfaction for almost thirty years. At all events, I assure you that I never thought of going to San Domingo—am not (I trust) wanted to go to San Domingo—and, at all events, won't go to San Domingo. Yours,
HORACE GREELEY.

We cannot see how Mr. Horton can have any further doubts on the subject, and this letter ought to relieve the minds of a great many journals that seemed dreadfully afraid that Mr. Greeley would be appointed.

WE NOTICE with regret the evident intention if possible, to make the present Congress, another session of organized robbery, through the medium of land grants. Several bills have already been introduced, and we have no doubt that each member who has such a project in view, will sympathize with all the rest that are in the same condition, and in this way, by combining forces, these bills may be pushed through. We had some little hope after the universal expression of dissatisfaction almost everywhere over the Union, at the immense grants that have already been made, that members of Congress would feel some timidity about entering on these schemes again. But so far from this being the fact, there is a strong effort being made to run over the same old ground, and to rob the United States of its rich lands as they have done heretofore. Of course every member supporting any such movement has an excuse for his special and particular case, but we apprehend that all the reasonable excuses that could be made, have already been offered, and that there is no ground to cover. Every member of Congress, who attaches himself to one of these land grabbing movements should be remembered for all future time. The people have suffered enough, railroads and corporations have already been sufficiently enriched, and it is high time the whole policy should cease.

THE ROTHERMEL PAINTING.

The Rothermel Painting of the Battle of Gettysburg, has created some little difficulty. This picture ordered by the Legislature at the close of the rebellion was not, according to the contract, required to be finished before the first of next July. Mr. Rothermel has therefore completed it a few months before the required time, and has been exhibiting it in Philadelphia, charging a very small admission fee. This has raised the ire of certain worthies, who declare that Mr. Rothermel has no legal right to do anything of the kind. Why this objection has been raised, it is hardly possible to imagine, because there certainly is no great harm done by the act, particularly as the painting is too large for any room in the Capitol at Harrisburg. But be the reason what it may, some great lover of the picture, has taken legal advice on the subject, and has been informed that Mr. Rothermel has not only a legal right, but that under the express agreement made at the time the painting was ordered, he has every moral right to exhibit just as much as he may please, to the first of July, 1871. So far from any objection being taken to such an exhibition there should be every opportunity afforded for all those who desire to see this masterwork to gratify the wish, and the attempt to prevent it is founded certainly on some selfish feelings that will not bear publicity. It is too large to be placed in the Capitol, and unless some provision is made for it, if it is sent there, it will in all probability soon be injured and defaced. Let every one then who can see it in Philadelphia, avail themselves of the opportunity afforded them.

DEATH OF JAMES McAULEY.

The sad event so long foreboded, so sorely deprecated, has at last transpired. Mr. McAuley has suffered for several years with an insidious malady, which at times would relax its hold, and the hopes of his friends would revive, but all such hopes were only illusory—the fell disease would return and resume the contest. It has been only by great prudence and circumspection that the life of our friend has been prolonged for so many years; but the skill of the physician, nor the most affectionate and assiduous nursing could longer stay the steps of the grim messenger, and the end came at 8 o'clock on Monday evening, the 9th inst. An honest man, a good man, a benevolent man, a dutiful son and brother, a clear headed and sagacious business man, a high minded, honorable and very useful citizen, has entered into his rest. He was aged 58—was a native of Mercer county in this State; came to this city about 1832, when we first knew him as a youth in the store of the late James Gormley in Market street, where he remained for two years, when he was appointed Clerk or Secretary of the first Savings Bank organized in this city, which afterwards was chartered with banking privileges, and became the Farmers' Deposit Bank—one of our best National banking institutions. He withdrew in 1837 from the Savings Bank, to accept the position of confidential or chief clerk in the manufacturing firm of H. S. Spang & Son, and about a year later was taken into partnership, when the firm name was changed to Spang & Co. In this firm he continued to occupy a front place until about 1860, (we write from memory and may misgive the dates) when admonished by physical debility, he leased his interest in Spang & Co. to Messrs. John Chalfant and Campbell B. Herron, and relinquished the burdens that had borne him down. About 1865 he sold out his interest to Messrs. Chalfant & Herron, when the firm took the present name of Spang, Chalfant & Co. Mr. McAuley did not again engage in active business, but retained his connection with several of our public institutions. He was a valued director in the Western Insurance Company, from its foundation, in 1849, till his death, and he was largely instrumental in establishing the Iron City Bank, of which he was President from the beginning in 1857. Previous to his occupying his elegant home on Duquesne Way, where he died, he resided in Allegheny city, where he served an appreciative constituency for several years in the City Councils, exhibiting much legislative tact and ability. He was elected to represent the Fourth ward of Pittsburgh in her Councils in 1852, and has continued to serve that ward, without intermission, until, at the late election, he was constrained by ill health to decline a proffered re-election. He has presided over the Select branch of the Councils for the past fifteen years continuously. His long service, recognized ability and sound judgment gave him well deserved influence in the body over which he presided not only, but also in the other branch, where he was highly esteemed; and in the joint action of the Councils, his wise counsel was influential in the management of the city finances. No man in the community was better known or more highly esteemed for intelligence, integrity and kindness of heart. His friendship was neither fickle nor uncertain, but ever reliable. Very many who survive him are ready to ascribe their passage over commercial embarrassment to his timely counsel and aid. The loss of such a citizen will be felt as a public loss. He had no enemies. All who knew him were his friends. He had acquired a handsome fortune. He had long lived with two unmarried sisters, to whom he was greatly endeared, these estimable ladies have the hearty sympathy of the whole community in thier irreparable loss. A sorrowing public will share with these stricken sisters their sore affliction.

The funeral obsequies are appointed for 2 o'clock P. M. this day, at his late residence, on Duquesne Way.

CADET SMITH.

Thus far the trial of Cadet James W. Smith, (colored,) is a farce of a very low order. But one witness has been examined (Cadet Anderson), who testifies in effect that while in the position known as "in place, rest," witness looked to the left and saw accused gazing at him; he said to accused, "I wish you would take your eyes off me," and the accused muttered something in reply. Just at that moment Cadet Birney said to him, "Mr. Anderson, don't compromise your dignity." This is the sum and substance of Anderson's testimony, and the only fact it proves, and it does prove that, is, that two men at least, Cadets Birney and Anderson, are fully prepared by their prejudices and passions against Smith, to get him into trouble if they can. The expression of Anderson to Smith, "take your eyes off me," would not have been uttered to any cadet with whom he was on friendly terms, or indeed did not despise. Cadet Birney, by his expression, shows that he fully understands the feelings that exist on the part of Anderson towards Smith, and that they are shared in by him. One might well believe, from reading the testimony of Anderson, that Smith is, because of his color, and for no other reason, looked upon with contempt, and that a systematic effort is being made among the cadets to drive him from West Point. We hope they will not succeed, and we urge upon the administration at Washington not to permit Cadet Smith to be imposed upon by boys not one whit better than he is himself, and probably not one of them who does not deserve punishment for offences committed against Smith. Cadet Birney will be examined after Anderson.

WEST POINT.

West Point appears to be exhibiting some of its characteristics that heretofore have been hidden from public view. The first class numbers forty-three cadets. Some of the cadets in each of the different classes have been liable to expulsion for getting intoxicated. They have, however, always been excused, if the class would come forward and pledge itself to abstain from the use of intoxicating liquors. All the classes except the fourth occupy this position, some one of their members having at some time or other been liable to expulsion. It seems that three cadets, from the Fourth Class, a few days since, got possession of sufficient liquor to warrant their expulsion, and the class was required to pledge itself, in order to save these three men. The class agreed to do so, but the First Class determined that this should not be done. At midnight they visited the rooms of the three cadets, and having forced them to dress in citizens' clothes, they took them to old Fort Putnam, and ordered them with threats never again to show their heads at the Academy. They stayed away some two or three days, but have now returned. These three men are the cadets charged with having absconded from the trial of Smith. What chance has a single man, more especially if he be a colored man, to gain his rights, amid such a set of boys, as the act of the First Class would seem to characterize the Cadets of West Point? This exhibition of terrorism comes at all events in most excellent time for Smith, as it conveys a very salutary lesson to those in command, of how readily a plot or conspiracy might be carried on against Smith, and the necessity that exists for a very careful and thorough investigation of his case.

SPECIAL LEGISLATION.

The Legislature of the State commenced its work in earnest from to-day. We desire at the outset to call attention of members to the subject of special legislation There is, beyond question, no greater cause for dissatisfaction and discontent among the people, than arises from this one cause. Independent of the efforts of calling a Convention to revise the Constitution of the State, every member has it in his individual power to lessen the amount of local bills passed every session. Instead of actually throwing out inducements for special bills to be prepared, we urge upon them to give all local legislation the cold shoulder, and only acting favorably when actual necessity seems to demand that something should be done immediately. It is in the power of the Legislature to make all local legislation secondary to general laws—acts that affect the whole State. Heretofore the fact is, special legislation was the order of the day, and general laws for the Commonwealth were made a matter of minor importance. We do not hope that local legislation will cease to any very great extent until, by a revision of our Constitution, the subject can be thoroughly and properly attended to, but we do know, that very many local bills that probably will be passed, do not require immediate attention and should be set aside until a revision of the Constitution relieves the members of the Legislature from acting on them at all. Nearly every Republican Convention in the State embraced within its platform a resolution for a Convention to revise the State Constitution, and the abolition of special legislation. We call now on Republican members to go to work most earnestly in this work, and rid the community of a cause of lobbyism and corruption that has been a curse to honest legislation.

NEW PUBLICATIONS.

MORNING AND EVENING EXERCISES. Selected from the published and unpublished writings of the Rev. Henry Ward Beecher. Edited by Lyman Abbott, author of "Old Testament Shadows" etc. Published by Harper & Brothers, New York. For sale by E. Miner, Fifth Avenue, Pittsburgh.

Few will question the wonderful fertility of Beecher's mind, which age does not seem to impair, as his popularity continues unabated. These selections are a fair illustration of his extraordinary talents and versatility, and also show the evangelhal type of his sayings. Mr. Lyman exhibits his usual good taste and nice discrimination in this volume. The arrangement is admirably suited for devotional purposes, each petition for morning and evening in the year, has an appropriate text preceeding, and occasional verses are attached. Multitudes of persons not in sympathy with the great preacher's views on some questions, and as well as his numerous admirers, will welcome the book.

OTHER WORLDS THAN OURS: The Plurality studied under the Light of recent Scientific researches. By Richard A. Proctor, B. A., F. R. A. S., Author of "Half Hours with the Telescope," etc. Published by D. Appleton & Co., New York. For sale by S. A. Clarke & Co., Pittsburgh.

Astronomy in the hands of one so competent as Mr. Proctor could not fail to attract the attention of the lovers of this beautiful science. While there is much that only those familiar with its study can appreciate, the work is however written in such a popular form, that the general reader will enjoy its reading. The author argues very conclusively that there are other worlds inhabited in addition to our own and that there was recent discoveries strengthening this belief. The solar system is presented in commanding tones, and worthy of this distinguished scholar. We especially note the noble utterances of this eminent scholar in the recognition of the hand of God in the universe. This book is a substantial addition to the treatises on this subject.

CHARITY HURLBURT. ELEANOR WILLOUGHBY. By Henry Hoyt, Boston.

Mr. Hoyt is famous as a publisher of nice and attractive story books for Sunday school libraries, and for the family circle. In the delightful story of "Charity Hurlburt," we have a picture of the generous doings of this heroine. No doubt thousands will enjoy its reading. "Eleanor Willoughby" will doubtless be very popular with young folks, and especially, "Eleanor" the heroine. The religious character of the story makes it desirable for the family circle. Books of this kind are sure to find plenty of readers.

DOUBLE PLAY; or How Joe Hardy chose his friends. By William Everett, author of "Changing Base," etc. Published by Lee and Shepard, Boston. For sale by R. S. Davis & Co., Pittsburgh.

The reputation of the author was established by his work on "Changing Base," and this second volume bears the same impress of scholarly ability. The book deals with facts, and contains substantial lessons for boys. Throughout the story there is a charming vein of humor, and the reader is carried along with pleasureable feelings till the close of the volume. We are not surprised at the universal acclaim of the press in favor of this young writer.

TOM BENTLY. SHELL HARBOR. By J. H. Langille. Published by Henry Hoyt, Boston. For sale by R. S. Davis & Co., Pittsburgh.

The first named is the story of a prodigal boy who left his father's home under the impulse of a wilful temper, and seeks a home in the great city of New York, and afterwards unites his destiny with a company of strolling minstrels. During a serious illness he is awakened to a great sense of his condition, and seeks an interest in Christ, and becomes savingly acquainted with Him. Reconcilation with his father is now accomplished, the "lost" was truly "found." The latter is an excellent work, with sketches of people and things on the North Western coast of Lake Michigan. Like the first named, the story is both popular and instructive, and cannot fail to please young people.

THE VICTORY OF THE VANQUISHED. A Story of the First Century. By the author of the "Schonberg-Cotta Family." Published by Dodd & Mead, New York. For sale by Jas. R. Dodge, 68 Fifth avenue, (2d floor) Pittsburgh.

There is an indescribable charm about the writings of Mrs. Charles, which claims the reader's attention from the outset. The impression of earnest sympathy with the subject in hand is also felt. Her characters are portrayed as only one of her talent could do, and there is a highly religious tone pervading all her works. This beautiful story recites the incidents and grand events of the First Century, and presents the history of a German family who were made slaves by the Romans. The style of the work is elevating and calculated to make impressions of a solid type upon the mind. It will no doubt command a wide sale.

GAINSTANG GRANGE. By Adolphus Trollope. Published by T. B. Peterson & Co.

This is a story of English society, and among the best that Trollope has written. It is highly wrought, and regarded by some as the best of the author. It promises finely, and we expect many of our readers will be glad to possess the story. Trollope has written a number of works, and is thereby increasing the number of his admirers.

BY AND BY SERIES. I CAN AND CAN'T SERIES. Published by Leavitt & Allen Brothers, New York. For sale by S. A. Clarke & Co., Pittsburgh.

The first series embraces three volumes, "I didn't Hear," "I Forgot," and "By and By;" and the last contains: "I Can't," "I'll Try," and "I Can." The titles of these gayly covered little books are so expressive of their contents that we group them together. Lessons are taught in these stories that tend to elevate childhood, and lead them up to God. The showy backs add much to their interest and beauty. They are capital works for the library.

ADVENTURES OF A YOUNG NATURALIST. By Lucien Hart. Published by Harper & Brothers, For sale by S. A. Clarke & Co., Pittsburgh.

We have already alluded to this work in noticing holiday books, as one of rich and varied interest for young people. The scenes and graphic descriptions, and encounters with wild animals, are of the most impressible character, and combine entertainment, as well as practical instruction. It is profusely illustrated in the best style of French art. Boys especially might learn solid lessons from the experience of those who have explored the haunts of the beasts of the forest. It is a suitable gift at any time, especially to young persons.

WEE MAGGIE FORSYTHE, and the Muckle Wisdom. By Mrs. J. D. Chaplain. Published by the American Tract Society, Boston. For sale by R. S. Davis & Co., Pittsburgh.

This is a capital story and well told. It delineates the career of "Maggie" in plain and touching words; underlying the the grand work of the romance, there is a vein of healthy sentiments prevailing. For Sunday School purposes, and the family circle, this work is admirably adapted for the purpose.

DOROTHY FOX. By the author of "How it all happened," etc. Published by J. B. Lippincott & Co. Philadelphia. For sale by E. Miner, Pittsburgh.

This delightfully, well told story attracted much attention, as it appeared as a serial, and in book form it makes a handsome volume. The characters are brought out in life like style, and cannot fail to attract the closest attention of the reader.

J. B. LIPPINCOTT & Co., Philadelphia, sends us five Nos. 13 and 17, of "Lippincott's Pronouncing Dictionary of Biography and Mythology," a work of superior merit. It brings down the work to "H." The prominent features of this book are great completeness and conciseness in the general vocabulary; succinct but comprehensive accounts of all the more interesting subjects of Mythology, a logical system of Orthologizing, the accurate pronunciation of the names of all personages and full bibliographical references. The rare learning displayed in its compilation will make it a valuable book of reference when completed. The work will comprise forty-five parts. "Fernyhurst Court," just out by the same house, is a story of much interest and from the way it was received as a serial, we expect it will be extensively read in pamphlet form.

HARPER & BROTHERS, New York, have published "On the Trail of the War," by Alexander Innes Shand, ocaasional correspondent of the London *Times*. The events are narrated in a gossippy style, and embody much valuable information, and as accurate as could well be obtained.

FIELDS, OSGOOD & Co., Boston, sent us the holiday week three prettilly illustrated pamphlet books for very young children. For books at such a trifling expense, the colored illustrations are quite elegant. The chief one is entitled "Brave Ballads for American Children," "Red Riding Hood," and "Cinderella."

MUNN'S INSTRUCTIONS FOR MECHANICS published in New York, contains the United States Patent Law, with instructions how to obtain letters patent for new inventions, and much information of a useful character. It is a handy volume for reference.

CHARLES C. CHATFIELD & Co, New Haven, Ct., has issued Prof. Cope's essay on the "Hypothesis of Evolution," in pamphlet form. It presents the physical and Metaphysical features. The well known ability of the Professor is very happily displayed in this lecture, and will be highly appreciated by scholars.

THE YOUTH'S MAGAZINE, for January is a neat monthly of 16 pages, S. L. Gulbert, editor, printed by Jackson, Moore & Co., 81 and 86 Fifth avenue, of this city. It is admirably suited for young people, and contains stories of an entertaining and instructive character. Mr. Cuthbert exhibits good taste and understands how to cater to the wants of youthful readers. Important improvements will be made in the next number. Terms only 75 cents per year.

THE *American Agriculturist*, published by Orange Judd & Co., 245 Broadway, New York, contains everything necessary to be known about the farm, garden and household. Price, only $1.50 a year.

LITERARY WEEKLIES.

Harper's Weekly, published by Harper and Brothers, New York, has attained an immense circulation, on the ground of merit, and is worthy to be called a "Journal of Civilization." Its editorials are able, and discriminating, and fully abreast of the times, while its literary matter and illustrations are of the first order, and what is worthy of special note is the high moral tone which marks its matter and engravings.

Harper's Bazar has no rival. A vast amount of useful knowledge is imparted, of a practical sort for families. It contains also pictures, patterns, &c., and in fact just such features are that wanted for the benefit and pleasure of the family circle. The literary department is admirably conducted for family reading.

Appleton's Journal, published by D. Appleton & Co., New York, maintains the high reputation it attained from the start. Its conductors are constantly adding to its attractions and value, and the character of the recent full-page illustrations will be appreciated by American readers. The literary matter is quite readable, and the various departments are carefully edited.

Hearth and Home, published by Orange, Judd & Co., New York, combines elements peculiar to itself. It contains valuable information for farm and garden purposes, and also articles on health, society and etiquette, that suit all classes, and especially the family circle. It is capitally illustrated and shows the proprietors are live and progressive men.

LETTER FROM CANTON.

MESSRS. EDITORS: Seated on the top of a big rough coach, and in the midst of a furious snow storm, your humble servant left Washington, Pa., on the 30th ult. for a little holiday fun. We passed through the

CHARTIERS VALLEY,

And must say it surpasses in beauty any glowing description we ever had of it. Certainly a more beautiful country, or richer land cannot be found in the Old Keystone. When the railroad is completed and in good running order, we expect to see hundreds of the wealthy citizens of the "Smoky City" buying land and erecting costly mansions thereon. A few hours' ride and we found ourselves in the enterprising town, or rather city, of

CANTON, OHIO.

And it was some time before we could realize that this was the same place we had visited some six years ago. Yankey industry, energy and enterprise is exhibited to no greater advantage anywhere than in this place. From a little insignificant town it has risen to the dignified city. The citizens claim at least ten thousand of a population, although, we believe the census takers did not return quite so large a number. We have always considered the hotels of a town or city a good index to its prosperity. If this be a guide then Canton must indeed be in a flourishing condition, for she can boast of at least one—and there are more than one—first-class hotel. Within the past year a new court house was erected, which is an ornament to the place. An opera house large enough to accomodate her populace, is open during a large portion of the year, and some of the traveling "stars" of the land are nightly performing. The large manufacturing establisments give quite an air of importance. The different kinds of farming machinery manufactured here are said to be the best in use. It was rumored that a very energetic young man of Pittsburgh, lately a public servant, was negotiating for one of these shops, intending to engage in the business very extensively. The public schools are of a high grade, and there is quite a healthy interest in education. Indeed there is a marked energy on every hand and seen in every department of business. Many buildings are being erected, the most extensive, perhaps, is the beautiful and costly dwelling of Aultman, the inventor and machinist. Ministers boast of the unusual degree of interest, during the past year, in church attendance &c. We heard a man boasting of the legal fraternity of the city, claiming that, while they had as good talent as is in the State, there was not a drunkard, no not even a moderate drinker, among these lawyers. Good! On Saturday, 31st, in company of a friend, we visited the Infirmary, about two miles from the city. Here we found most comfortable and commodious buildings. This was the Pauper's New Year, and a feast was prepared for them.

Everything which the market would afford was furnished them, and it is not necessary to say that they enjoyed it. Not a single one of the "lame, halt and blind" was overlooked. All, old and young, white and black, feasted to their satisfaction. We feel thankful to God that we live in a land where the poor are so kindly treated. Here are 165 in the different apartments. About 100 of these are females; some 50—20 males and 30 females—are insane. There are 8 idiotic persons. Eight idiotic children (if such they may be called) are being educated, and are reported as progressing very well. The directors purchased 230 acres of good land, and all kinds of farming will be done by the paupers. It takes some $7,000 besides to defray the yearly expenses. We doubt whether Ohio has a better infirmary. Everything is systematically arranged, and, doubtless, economically conducted. As far as we are able to judge, "all is well," and we could not even make one suggestion in the way of improvement. But enough now. The merry jingling of the bells, and the joyous outbursts of happy hearts, as they go dashing through the streets, is enough to make us uneasy, so we will wish you a "happy new year," and subscribe ourselves, WANDERER.

THE STATE.

THE Lawrence *Journal* has enlarged and gotten a new head. It is somewhat improved in appearance, but not so much as it would be if its new head were like the old one.

THE Gettysburg *Sentinel* says: Henry Whaler, aged 77 years, died suddenly at Bermudian, on the morning of the 25th ult. He had just got out of bed, and was in the act of washing himself, when he fell down dead.

THE Sunbury *American* describes the golden wedding of Mr. and Mrs. George Weiser of that place. One of the guests presented the golden groom with a gold tooth pick, which he accepted while asserting that he hadn't had a tooth in his mouth for years.

A NEW, independent, home newspaper called the *Advance*, has been started at Greenville by Messrs. Dumars, Yeakel and Harpst. We are familiar with the reputation and ability of Mr. Dumars, who is editor of the new journal, and consequently look for the new paper to assume a high standard.

MRS. POLLY HESS, widow of Philip Hess, of the same place, was found dead on the morning of the 25th ult., sitting in a rocking chair. She had retired in usual health the night before, and in the morning, on two small children, who lived with her, entering her room, she was found lifeless in her chair.

MR. FRED. FAGLEY, brakeman on the Cincinnati freight train on the Northern Central Railway, was found dead on top of a car at Marysville, on Saturday night last. It is supposed that his death was caused by his head striking a bridge near York Haven. His remains were taken to Patterson, Juniata county, where his parents reside.

GOOD shooting seems to be at a premium at Enon Valley. The modest sum of one hundred dollars last week was offered as a prize to the best marksman. Of fifteen pigeons, shot at by each competitor the following number (handed us by a sporting man from our city who was present) were killed on the wing: By C. Lovet of Pittsburgh, 14, J. Lovet 11, Woodruff 10, Pierson 10, Black Stock 9, Pontefract 9, Marshall 8, Oatman 8, and Boyle 6.

WE learn from the Sharon *Herald* that on Monday morning, December 26th, Peter Bonacher, a citizen of that place, met with an accident which caused his death in a few minutes. He, in company with more of his friends, had been at the house of his son, in the upper part of the town, at a christening, and on his way home, when near the residence of R. McFarland, Esq., he slipped and fell upon the point of a lead pencil, which entered his side, causing his death, as above stated.

THE Stroudsberg *Jeffersonian* says: A destructive fire occurred at the Planing Mill and Sash Factory of Messrs. Brown & Palmer, in this borough, on Christmas morning last. The fire broke out between 12 and 1 o'clock, a. m., and resulted in the total destruction of the Factory building, and contents, consisting of Machinery, a large lot of finished work, a large lot of work in all stages of progress, Engine, &c. There was a heavy stock of the best quality of seasoned Pine and other lumber in the yard, all of which was consumed. The fire is supposed to have been the work of an incendiary. There was no insurance. The loss to Messrs. Brown & Palmer is estimated at $15,000. The workmen in the factory, also lose heavily.

Perhaps one of the most terrible casualties that has yet taken place in Lewisburg, occurred to-day, about 11 o'clock, A. M. A number of carpenters were engaged in making some repairs to the roof of Music Hall, and in order to facilitate the work, had erected a scaffold inside extending from the floor to the ceiling—some forty or more feet high. While engaged in their work the entire scaffold fell with a terrible crash, precipitating the men to the floor, the timber falling upon them. Mr. Jacob Gilmore, of East Buffalo, had his neck broken, and of course instantly expired. Mr. Jackson McLaughlin fell across the back of a bench, and a piece of timber fell upon him. The extent of his injuries is not positively known, but they are severe. His son James was terribly crushed, and his case is critical. Mr. Lewis E. Jones had his leg broken below the knee, and was bruised in the side. The extent of his internal injuries is not yet ascertained. Mr. Gilter was an experienced carpenter (having superintended the carpenter work of the Herdic House, in Williamsport), about fifty-five years of age, and was highly respected.—*Lewisburgh Chronicle, December 30.*

Mediæval Germany--Woman vs. Man.

Breaches of promise and similar disputes were decided by duel in mediæval Germany, a faithless swain or errant husband having to met his indignant victim hand to hand in the lists. In the approved form of this duel the dame was reduced to her chemise. One of its sleeves was lengthened for the occasion by about eighteen inches; and tied up in the end of this long sleeve was a neat paving stone. The man was also striped to his last garment, had his left arm tied close to his side, was furnished with a short baton, half an ell in length, and was clapped in a tub planted waist deep in the ground. The lady manœuvred around the tub and struck at her antagonist with her sleeve, while he defended himself as best he could with his baton. He had, however, but a poor chance of triumph in such a contest against a thoroughbred termagant. She might, indeed miscalculate her stroke and twine her sleeve around the baton. But even then she had by no means the worst of the contet, and was much more likely to disarm him than he was to pull her into the receptacle. Still the later catastrophe must have occurred at times, or the manuscripts must deal with species of duel, chiefly by lively drawings, would not have represented till the female champion in one of these encounters, with her heels high in the air, and her head out of sight in the tub.

The Health of Ex-Secretary Seward.

Ex-Postmaster General Randall, who has just returned from Japan, whither he accompanied the Hon. William H. Seward, says that the venerable statesman is suffering from a complete paralysis of both arms, so that he is deprived of the use of them in performing the most ordinary offices of nature. With this exception, his health seems to be unimpaired. He eats and sleeps well, has good digestion, and his mental faculties are as clear, strong, and active as ever. He keeps a diary of passing events and of his journey, which he dictates every day to Miss Risley, who is travelling with him, and who, in a great measure, takes the place of a daughter. It is, perhaps, unnecessary to say that the story of his intended marriage with this lady is as groundless as it is absurd Mr. Seward still maintains his deep interest in the affairs of his own country, and receives the American newspapers, which he has read to him with the greatest care and regularity.

The Louise Home.

Mr. W. W. Corcoran has performed a noble act of charity in taking practical measures to establish the "Louise Home" in Washington, D. C. Its object, as explained in the deed of trust, is to support and maintain a number of gentlewomen reduced by misfortune so as, in the opinion of the directresses, to need the assistance afforded by the home. The trustees are George W. Riggs, J. M. Carlise, Jas. C. Hall, A. Hyde. The property consigned to them consists of lots 11, 12, 13, 14, 15 and 16, in square 106, Washington, D. C., containing 52,734 feet of ground. There are nine lady directresses. The institution is to be known as the "Louise Home," and is to be entirely unsectarian.

Imitation of Nature.

Thousands of diseases could be cured if doctors gave close observation to the movements and indications of nature, whose wise and beneficient laws are sure to carry a safely through, unless contravened by our own meddlesomeness or folly—DR. KEYSER'S LUNG CURE has been prepared with the full purpose in view to heal the lungs, remove obstructions, purify the blood and cure all those diseases of the lungs which ultimately lead to consumption. It cured one of the former editors of this paper of a cough in one dose; it is a wonderful medicine, and is without an equal even in the cure of consumption in its worst stages. If your druggist does not keep it, send five dollars to Dr. Keyser, and he will send four boxes securely boxed, by express, with full directions how to use it.

FOR GENUINE ENGLISH and SCOTCH ALES

Robert Youngens, Muir & Sons, Fass & Co.'s, Alsop's Guinness' Stout, warranted the genuine imported in bottles. No adulterations. Sold at

JAMES E. BURNS & CO'S DRUG STORE,
Corner Penn and Sixth streets.

N. B.—As there is so many spurious articles and so many persons bottling Domestic Ales and selling them for imported, we warn the public to be careful in purchasing.

Remember the genuine article will be found at

JAMES E. BURNS & CO.'S DRUG STORE,
Corner Penn and Sixth street.

DEFENSIVE MEDICATION.

Investigation is as necessary for the protection of the human body against disease when unhealthy influences are abroad, as iron armor and granite casements are for the protection of ships and fortresses when assailed by shot and shell. Hence, it is desirable, when those potent enemies of vitality, damp and cold, pervade the air we breathe, to put the best possible condition to encounter them. The stomach is the organ by which every other organ is nourished and sustained, and therefore upon its vigorous and regular action depends, in a great measure, the capacity of the system to resist the assaults of the invisible enemies of health and life, by which, at this inclement season it is surrounded. Hostetter's Stomach Bitters, an admirable tonic and regulating medicine for all seasons, is never more needed than in winter, when the torpifying influence of a chilly atmosphere effects all the vital functions, and renders the body extremely susceptible. By toning the digestive organs and the liver, and the bowels with this unequalled vegetable specific, a physical condition is attained which seems to be proof against all varieties of temperature, and that is inimical in the air of winter. Defensive medication is a precaution is a precaution which should never be neglected when danger is present, and therefore a course of the Bitters at this season is particularly desirable, especially for the feeble and sickly. As a remedy for billousness, dyspepsia, nervousness and bowel complaints, there is nothing comparable to this wholesome restorative.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

FABER & VAN DOREN,
367 Liberty Street,
PITTSBURGH, PA.
STEAM ENGINES,
IRON AND WOOD WORKING
MACHINERY,
Steam Pumps,
Engineers' and Machinists' Tools,
STEAM FIRE ENGINES,
BELTING,
Woolen Machinery, Machine Cards.
Manufacturers' and Mill Supplies. A constant supply on hand and furnished on short notice.
ORDERS SOLICITED.

GRATES. GRATES.
Keep Your Houses Clean,
AND
SAVE FUEL,
BY USING THE
Wellman Patent Reflector
STOVE AND GRATE.
Which Stand Without a Rival.

The WELLMAN STOVE is furnished with the REFLECTOR GRATE, and possesses all the advantages of an open fire place; it is specially adapted to houses where the flues are too small to admit a grate, and affords all the comforts of a CHEERFUL OPEN FIRE.

1st. As a radiator of heat it has *double* the intensity of any other grate.

2d. It is unquestionably the most cleanly—no soot or ashes escaping into the room—which in the ordinary Grate, proves so detrimental to carpets and furniture.

3d. The combustion is *perfect*. There is no waste in unburnt cinders—every ounce of the fuel is so completely consumed, that nothing remains but the finest ashes.

4th. As an economizer of fuel—there being an *actual saving* of at least 25 per cent.

5th. It is highly ornamental.

6th. It is set so deep in the chimney, that it is much safer, and also less liable to puff in windy weather.

7th. A slight motion of the shaker cleanses the entire fire, and causes it to burn with great brilliancy and intensity of heat.

Samples may be seen and references had at the store of W. BARNES, corner of 3d avenue and Market street, Pittsburgh; W. F. GOODWIN, 66 Federal street, Allegheny, or at the FOUNDRY, corner Duquesne Way and Water street, Pittsburgh.

Parties who are building, or who contemplate changing Grates, are respectfully requested to examine "The Wellman." Satisfaction guaranteed in all cases.

L. H. SMITH & CO.,
Manufacturers,
West Point Foundry.

GRAFF, HUGUS & CO.,
Manufacturers of
Cooking and Heating
STOVES,
RANGES, FURNACES,
AND
Fine Grate Fronts,
INCLUDING THE
COLUMBIA COOK STOVE,
Confidence Cook Stove,
The Boston
DOUBLE-OVEN IMPROVED
Cooking Range,
Nile's Improved Star Range,
AND
FIERY FURNACE.
OFFICE AND WAREHOUSE:
206 and 208
Liberty Street.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

LOW PRICES
FOR
Seasonable Goods
AT
WM. SEMPLE'S.

At 8½c., All Linen Towels, Turkey Red Border.
At 18½c., Fine Damask Towels, Turkey Red Border.
At 6½c., Straw Ticking.
At 18½c., Yard Wide Feather Ticking.
At 25c., Yard wide Feather Ticking—extra good.
At 12½c., Linen Huckaback Toweling.
At 12½c., extra good article Canton Flannel.
At 12½c., Heavy Domestic Gingham.
At 6½c., Fast Colored Calicos, an extra good bargain.
At 8½c., Fast Colored Calicos, some of the best.
At 10c., Yard Wide Bleached Muslin.
At 12½c., yard wide Bleached Muslin, a decided bargain.
At 12½c., Bookfold Barred Flannels.
At 37½c., Ladies' Gored Jean Skirts.
At 87½c., Ladies' Boulevards Skirts, rich Figured borders.

IRISH LINENS,
Shirt Fronts,
Hosiery, Gloves, Notions,
AT
WM. SEMPLE'S,
180 and 182 Federal Street, Allegheny.

HORNE & CO.,
Grand Clearance Sale,
Will be continued for a few days longer, as their new rooms, Library Building, is not quite ready for occupancy.
In the meantime, customers should call and secure some of the greatest bargains we have as yet offered in
White Goods,
Embroideries,
Underwear,
Gents' White and Percale Shirts,
Hosiery, Gloves,
Boulevarde Skirts,
Woolen Goods,
Scarfs, Hoods

FINANCIAL.

Robinson Brothers,

BANKERS,

No. 78 Fourth Ave.,

Buy and sell all kinds of

Government Securities, State, City and County Bonds, Real Estate Mortgages and Business Paper.

Orders Executed for the Purchase and Sale of STOCKS at the NEW YORK STOCK BOARD.

Interest Allowed on Deposits. au8:all

Jas. T. Brady & Co.,

(Successors to S. JONES & CO.)

Corner Fourth Avenue and Wood Street,

BANKERS,

BUY AND SELL ALL KINDS OF

Government Securities,

GOLD, SILVER AND COUPONS,

ON MOST FAVORABLE TERMS.

Interest Allowed on Deposits.

☞ Money loaned on Government Bonds at lowest market rates.

☞ ORDERS EXECUTED FOR THE PURCHASE AND SALE OF STOCKS, BONDS AND GOLD.

JAMES T. BRADY & CO.

THE DAILY GAZETTE.

MONEY AND COMMERCE.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

NEW YORK, January 10, 1871.

Gold has been rather strong to-day, opening at 110⅞, advancing to and closing at 111. But little has been done. A few loans were made at from 4 to 7 per cent. Clearances were about $50,000,000. Business in Government has been dull, though they were very strong at the opening. At the close of business, 5-20s '67 declined a little. Stocks were steady with but few transactions; Erie quiet and weak, and St. Joseph sold own to 80⅞. The *Express* says the official notification to the Stock Exchange has given rise to some gossip on the street. It is rumored there is or a promise of one, was given for contractors for a new road, some time since, and that it was sold three months ago at about 85c for preferred, and 70c for common, and borrowed for delivery at the time. This new stock will be delivered after thirty days, which complies with the letter of the stock exchange law. Money easy at 6@7 per cent. State securities dull. Tennessees strong, but not active. *Sterling exchange 9½.*

GOVERNMENTS.—Coupons—1881, 110⅝; 5-20s, '62, 106¾; '64, 108⅛; new, 108⅜; '65, 108⅝; '65, 107¾; 10-40s, 107⅛; 7-30s, 107⅜; 6s, 110⅛.

STATES.—Missouri, 89¾; Tennessees, old, 64; new, 63; Virginias, new, 61; old, 66; North Carolinas, old, 34; new, 33½.

MISCELLANEOUS.—W. U. Tel., 45¾; Quicksilver, 36; Mariposa, 5; do preferred, 9; Adams Express, 60; Wells & Fargo, 90¾; U. S. Express, 42; U. S., 45¾; Pacific Mail, 41½; N. Y. C., 92; Reading, 97¾; Erie, 23¾; do preferred, 46¾; Michigan Central, 126; C. & P., 104¼; Northwestern, 71½; do preferred, 82½; Rock Island, 105½; N. Y. & Erie, 36½; do preferred, 57½; Wabash, 49½; do preferred, 70; Fort Wayne, 92¾; Terre Haute, 28½; do preferred, 50; Chicago & Alton, 114; do preferred, 127; C. & M., 29¾; C. C. & C., 85; R. & Q., 151; Lake Shore, 92¾; Illinois Central, 138¾.

OFFICE OF THE PITTSBURGH GAZETTE, TUESDAY, Jan. 10, 1871.

Closing quotations as received by James T. Brady & Co:

Gold	111¼	5-20 Jan. & Jy. 1865	7⅛
U. S. 6s, 1881	110⅜	5-20 Jan. & Jy. 1867	7⅛
U. S. 5-20 1862	9	5-20 Jan. & Jy. 1868	8⅛
U. S. 5-20 1864	8⅝	U. P. R. R.	72
U. S. 5-20 1865	8⅛	Central	92
U. S. 10-40	7⅝	Cy. Pacific	10⅛

PITTSBURGH MARKET.

OFFICE OF THE PITTSBURGH GAZETTE, TUESDAY, January 10, 1871.

Merchants generally report business dull and what is equally as bad, very difficult to make collections. As stated in the report of to-day, this is very annoying particularly to commission men; shippers are drawing on them for the proceeds of goods sold on short credit, and they are unable to collect. Some houses are cramped, financially, who would be easy enough if they could only collect what they have outstanding. There are those, of course, who would pay promptly if they could, and we hear of others asking for short extensions, who, heretofore, nearly always paid at sight. Then, again, there is a class of men, who are abundantly able to pay promptly, but who nearly always take advantage of a tight money market; they seem to be impressed with the belief that they have as good a right to put off their creditors as anybody else, which is not true. Of course, they intend to pay sometime but why not pay at once and be done with it; perhaps some of these creditors may be needy, and suspensions and failures have occurred, whereas if relief had been afforded at the right time they would have been prevented. We say, then, do not turn away your creditors if you have the means to pay, particularly any of them that are known to be needy, and there are a good many of this kind just now; but above all do not promise to pay at a given time, when you have no idea of doing anything of the kind, and there are many who do this almost daily without the slightest compunctions of conscience. A man's word in all cases should be as good as his bond.

APPLES—We can report a steady demand and regular sales at $3.00@5.50 per bbl. The stock in this market is very much reduced and receipts continue light.

APPLE BUTTER—Is in good supply and dull; quoted at 6@7c cts per gallon.

ASHES—Common Soda Ash, 4 cts; Refined do 4¾; Pearl Ash, 9¾; Potash, 7¾.

BUTTER—Is coming in more freely and while prices are not quotably lower, the feeling is not as strong. Prime may be quoted at 28@30 and choice at 32@35; but few sales of commission butter above 30. Common and inferior is very dull.

BEANS—$1@$2 per bushel.

BEESWAX—Small sales at 30@35c.

BUCKWHEAT FLOUR—3½@3¾ cts.

BROOM CORN—Dull; 6@7 cts per lb.

CIDER—Dull; $6@8 per bbl.

CEMENT—Sales Louisville Hydraulic at $3@3½, and Calcined Plaster at $4@4½ per bbl.

COAL—Sales of Anthracite at 3@3½c per ton by the car load, delivered.

CARBON OIL—Standard brands, in a jobbing way, 19@23c in small lots, 21@22. Demand fair.

CHEESE—Is dull but unchanged. Western Reserve, 14@15c; Ohio Factory, 13@15c; Ohio Goshen at 15@16c; New York Goshen 16@16½.

CRANBERRIES—$9@$10 per bbl.

DRESSED HOGS—The receipts have fallen off somewhat, but with no improvement in the demand, the market is dull and prices unchanged, at 7@8cts.

DRIED FRUIT—The demand for both Apples and Peaches has fallen off somewhat, which may be attributed in part to the unusually low price of foreign fruits. Prunes and Currants are lower than good to prime Peaches, and Layer Raisins are not worth much more. We continue to quote Peaches at 8@9c for quarters, 16@18c for halves, and 18@22 for halves. Apples 6@7c; sliced, 8@9c. Blackberries, 12@14c.

EGGS—We are reported sales of fresh eggs at 30@31c, pickeled all the way from 22@25. Demand light and market dull.

FEATHERS—No. 1 live geese feathers may be quoted at 80cts to the trade, and 83@85c in small lots.

FLOUR—There is a continued fair local demand and while the market is firmer there is no change to make in quotations. We continue to quote western lours at $5.75@6.25 for spring, $6.00@6.50 for red winter wheat, and $6.75@7 for white. Rye flour, $5.50.

GRAIN—The receipts of wheat continue exceedingly light, and there is no stock worthy of the name in the hands of dealers. Fair to good red may be quoted at $1.38@1.45, and choice at $1.47@1.50; white—none offering; quoted at $1.35@1.40. Oats in limited supply and still tending upward; we are reported sales at 46@47c buying, and 48@49c selling; small lots, in store, 53@55. Corn is steady, with sales of several car loads at 65@66c for mixed to prime yellow; small lots 70@75c. Rye is quiet and in the absence of sales, may be quoted at 80@85c, buying and selling. There are symptoms of an early improvement in the demand for Barley; we are cognizant of some one or two brewers being considerably out to ask dealers if they had any to sell, which, to say the least is something new. As yet, however, the market cannot by any means be termed active, nor is there any change to make in quotations, 80@85, for good to prime spring, and 90@95c for fall; sale 1 car choice fall at 95c.

GROCERIES—There is a continued good jobbing demand for groceries, particularly for sugars and coffees, but there are no changes to make in quotations;

COFFEE—Fancy Rio, 23; Prime, 19; Good, 18; Fair, 17; Roasting, 16@16½.

SYRUPS AND DRIPS—Pure White Honey, 80; Ravenswer & Eidora, 78; Silver Drips, 70; Loverings, 63; other grades, 45@55.

SUGARS—Choice New Orleans, 12½; prime, 12; good, 11; fully fair, 10½; Porto Ricos, 10½@11½; Cuba, 10@11; Demarara, 13½@12½. Refined Sugars—Hard Sugars, 14½; A Coffee, 13½; B, 13½; Extra C, 13; C, yellow, 12½@13½.

TEAS—Fancy Young Hyson, $1.25; Good, $1.10; Fair, $1. Lower grades down to 90cts. G. P. Fancy, $1.40; good, $1.25; fair, $1.10; Imperial Fancy, $1.40; good, $1.25; fair, $1; Oolong Fancy, $1.25; good, 90@$1; fair, 75@80c. Souchong Fancy, $1.25; good, 90c; fair, 75@80c. Japan Fancy, $1; good, 85c; fair, 75c.

RICE—Carolina, 8½@; prime, 8c; good, 7½c.

SPICES—Grain Pepper, 30c. Pimento, 12c. Cloves, 30c. Cassia, 40c.

FOREIGN FRUITS—Currants, 13@15 cents. Prunes, 18c. Valencia Raisins, 16c. Layer Raisins, $4 per box.

HAY—Is being sold from country wagons at a single price, according to quality.

HONEY—Sales at 40@45 cts.

HOMINY—Best Pearl quoted at $6.00 per bbl. Common, $5@$5.50.

LARD—Sales at 8½@9 cts.

HIDES—Green salted (all weights) 10½@11½; green butchers' (cow and steer) 7@8; green salted kip 10@12; do calf, 16@18. Dry Flint nominal at 20@22.

LIME—Sales of Cleveland at $4.25 per bbl and eastern at $4.75.

MILL FEED—Is dull with a supply, particularly of middlings, considerably in excess of the demand. Sales of middlings, in car load lots, at $1.60@1.65.

ONIONS—$4.00@4.50 per bbl.

OILS—No 1 lard $1.05@1.08. No 2, 70; Pure Labrador cod oil 70@75c; straits, 65; bank, 60c.

POULTRY—Supply light, but the demand is only fair while prices are unchanged; dressed chickens and ducks, 12@14c, and dressed turkeys, 16@18c.

PROVISIONS—Plain Bacon Shoulders, 10½; Sugar cured do, 11½; plain Sugar Cured Hams, 15; Breakfast Bacon, 16½; Ribbed Sides, 13½; Clear do, 13½. Prime kettle rendered Lard, 12½@13c in tes, and 13@13½c in buckets.

POTATOES—There is a continued good demand, and with a limited supply, prices are well maintained, $1.25@1.30 per bushel, in a jobbing way.

PEANUTS—Sales of new crop at 6@8.

RAGS—Quoted at 4@4½.

SALT—Is quoted at $1.60@1.65 by the car load, with the usual advance for small lots in store.

SEEDS—Clover Seed is reported as offering more freely in first hands, though at no concession in price; we continue to quote at $4.75 @5 for small lots in store. Timothy Seed is still quoted at $3@3.50.

SUMAC—Sales Tennessee Sumac at 4¾ cts.

TALLOW—Rendered, at 8½@8¾c.

TEASEL—Very dull and in good supply may be quoted at 4@5c per hundred.

WILLOWS—Sales Kentucky willows, at 9¾ @10 cts.

PETROLEUM MARKET.

OFFICE OF THE PITTSBURGH GAZETTE, TUESDAY, January 10, 1871.

The business which has characterized the oil market for some days past was brought to a termination to-day, under the influence of the advices from above, and while as yet there is no quotable decline in prices, the market was not as strong as it has been recently. It is a noticeable fact, however, that here in Pittsburgh we do not see much inquiry at the advance, in consequence of crude being higher relatively than refined, and it is not probable that there will be much done until prices become more equalized.

CRUDE.

Seller January quoted at 10½; seller first six months, 10@10½; buyer option, same time 10¾. No sales—not much inquiry, and not much offering.

REFINED.

Market weak and dull but unchanged. January 23@23½; February, 23½; March, 23¼@23½; April, 24¼; May, 25; June, 25¾; buyer until July, 26¾. Sales 2,500 bbls for May at 25.

RECEIPTS AND SHIPMENTS.

Dull but unchanged. City make on spot, he'd at $1.70.

RECEIPTS CRUDE OIL.

Brilliant Oil Works 670, account Lockhart, Frew & Co; Meredith & Co 148, account same; Cochrans Yard 74, account Bates & G; Forsyths Oil Works 524, Duncan & Young; Peerless Oil Works, same, account same; Penn Oil 556, account same; same 678, account Bates & G. Total 2,492.

OIL SHIPPED EAST PER WEST PENN.

Holdship & Co. 90 bbls refined to Waring, King & Co, Philadelphia.

STATEMENT OF SHIPMENTS OF CRUDE OIL FROM POINTS NORTH OF ALLEGHENY JUNCTION, EASTWARD VIA W. P. R. R., JAN. 10, 1871.

By Oweston & Sowers from Scrubgrass to C. West & Son, Baltimore, 400 bbls.

By Bates & Goldsboro from Parker to C. West & Sons, Baltimore, 400 bbls.

By Parker & Thompson from Parker to Warden, Frew & Co, Philadelphia, 200 bbls.

By Parker & Thompson from Parker to J. Macy & Sons, New York, 200 bbls.

By J. Bushnell, from Parker, to Truscott & Co, Columbia, 400 bbls.

By R. Frew from Parker to W. P. Logan, Hestonville, 320 bbls.

By T. King, from Emlenton to Poultney & Mouk, Baltimore, 400 bbls.

By T. King, from Foster, to Poultney & Moale, Baltimore, 82 bbls.

By Angell & Co, from Foster to Warden, Frew & Co., Philadelphia, 400 bbls.

By Angell & Co, from Foster to Warden, Frew & Co., Hestonville, 480 bbls.

By T. King from Farren Farm to Poultney & Moale, Baltimore, 90 bbls.

By R. J. Ramsey from Greggs Switch oc. to H. T. Siemner, Norristown, 100 bbls.

Total to Baltimore ..... 1,370 bbls. of 45 gals.
Total to Philadelphia ..... 802 bbls
Total to Philadelphia ..... 640 bbls
Total to New York ..... 2,310 bbls
Total to Columbia ..... 400 bbls
Total to Hestonville ..... 320 bbls
Total to Norristown ..... 100 bbls
Grand Total ..... 5,579 bbls

[By P. & A. Telegraph Line.]

PHILADELPHIA, January 10.—12 M.—Crude 12¼@12¾c. Refined—January 23¼c; February 23½; March 24; May 24¾@25.

5:30 P. M.—Crude 11¾c. Refined: January 23¼@23½c; February 23½; March 23¾@24c; April 24¼@24¾c; sales 7,000 bbls May 24¾c.

TITUSVILLE, January 10.—Production for December per courier 16,61. Increase in stock 15,000.

TIDIOUTE, January 10.—12 M.—Market firm and very active, with a strong inquiry at $4.75.

TITUSVILLE, January 10—12 M.—Market very firm at $3.50@3.60; weather clear and cold.

NEW YORK, January 10, 12 M.—General tenor of market quiet, but firm; bulk crude 12@13c, tanks 14c; bbls nominal at 23@25c. Little offering in refined; firm at 24¼c.

4 P. M.—Crude firm at 13c; a sale of 500 bbls at 13c. Refined is unchanged. Market quiet and firm at 24¼c; no spot sales reported; line of 500 bbls for January, February and March, closed at 24¾c.

ROUSSVILLE, January 10—12 M.—Market firm; offering at $3.80 to $3.85 for regardless; not much inquiry and no sales.

PARKERSBURG, January 10—12:35 P. M.—Market quiet but firm at $3.70.

PETROLEUM CENTRE, January 10.—Market quiet; oil offering at $3.80 but buyers are very scarce. No sales reported.

OIL CITY, PA., January 10.—Market quiet and nominal; $3.75@3.90 on Creek; $4.00@4.05 on Oil City; weather cloudy and moderate. Producers report for December 15,178 barrels.

Markets by Telegraph.

Chicago.

CHICAGO, January 10, 1870.

EXCHANGE unchanged.

FLOUR quiet and unchanged.

GRAIN—No. 2 spring active and advanced 1¼@1½c, closing steady at $1.12½@1.13 and this afternoon dull and unchanged.

CORN—No. 2 mixed firm at 39½c higher and closed at 40½c for cash; 40½c seller March; this afternoon unchanged.

OATS—No. 2 firm and quiet, and closed at 30½c.

RYE—No. 2 firm at 72½@75c.

BARLEY—No. 2 dull.

HIGHWINES firm; iron, 86@86½c.

PROVISIONS opened weak and closed firm and active.

MESS PORK, $19.

LARD—Sales at 11½c.

DRESSED HOGS—Steady at $7.10@7.20; live active at $6@6.40.

CATTLE quiet $5.50@14.00.

New York.

NEW YORK, January 10.—Cotton firm; middling upland 15¾c. Flour quiet and unchanged; superfine western State $5.30@5.60, common choice extra $6@6.65, extra Ohio $6.10@6.70, white western extra $6.65@7, St. Louis $6.30@6.75. Rye flour unchanged. Corn meal quiet. Whisky firm; 91@92½c. Wheat: speculative demand and prices higher; old spring $1.37, new $1.43@1.46, red amber $1.47@ 1.51, white Michigan $1.52½. Rye dull and nominal. Barley quiet and unchanged. Corn firm; No 1 mixed 78@79c, yellow 80@81c. Oats dull, but unchanged; western 60@62c. Coffee steady at 19@19½c; for Rio. Petroleum: crude 13c; refined 24½c. Rice 8@7c. Sugar firm; Cuba 9¾@9¾c. Molasses steady; New Orleans 67@75c. Provisions: mess pork very quiet at $19.25@19.50; new $20.00@20.25; prime mess $17.00@17.25; old $20.00@20.50, Beef steady; mess 10@10c; extra 12@13, prime mess 20@22c; India mess 28@29c. Cut meats dull; hams 10@13c; shoulders 7@8@8c middles dull; long 11c; short 11¾c. Dressed hogs firm at 7½@7¾c. Western lard unchanged; Feb. 11¾c. Butter 12@25c; Western State 20@40c. Cheese 12@18c.

Latest—Flour dull and a shade lower at $6@ 6.55 for shipping. Wheat is very firm; new spring $1.45@1.46; red amber $1.49@1.51. Rye dull and nominal. Barley dull and unchanged. Corn firm and unchanged. Mess pork firm; $20.25 bid for February. Beef and Bacon unchanged. Lard is very firm and ½c advance asked. Eggs dull but unchanged; fresh 32@ 34c; limed 29@32c.

St. Louis.

ST. LOUIS, January 10.—Cotton firm at 13½@ 13c. Flour unchanged: superfine winter $4.25 @4.50, extra winter $5.25; treble $5.00@5.75. Wheat lower; No. 2 spring $1.12½; No. 3 red winter $1.30. Corn dull and declined at 40@ 42c for mixed across the river, and 46c this side. Oats quiet at 36@40½c on track and in elevator. Barley dull; No. 2 Fall 75c. Rye higher at 80@85c. Highwines unsettled. Tobacco: little doing. Hemp and bagging: nothing doing. Provisions firm for hogs; lower for Pork $19.50; bulk shoulders 7@7½c; do sides clear rib 9¾c; do clear 10¾c; bacon shoulders 9c; do sides clear rib 12½c, do clear 12c; including 50,000 lbs sides clear rib seller February 13½c; the same amount bulk shoulders 12c. Lard quiet at 10@10½c. Hogs firm and higher at 6¾@6¾c with small lots extra at $5.60. Cattle unchanged.

Dry Goods.

NEW YORK, January 10.—The market is still without change, and prices generally rule steady. We quote 10-4 Pepperal brown sheeting at 37½c; 9-4 do 32½c; 10-4 Allendale do 32½c; 9-4 do 27½c; 8-4 do 22½c; 4-4 Indian head do 15c; 4-4 Medford do 11½. Glasgow ginghams 16c; Work and Wynn do do. American prints 10½@11; Arnold's do 8@8½c. Furniture prints 10½c; do 20c. Minnehaha ticks 32½c; 7-8 do 27½c; 30 inch Hamilton do 21c; Pittsfield 7½c. London silesias 11c; Manchester do 11c.

Cincinnati.

CINCINNATI, January 10.—Nothing new in the prices of flour and grain, not much done. Cotton firm at 14@14½c. Whisky dull at 86c. Provisions quiet and unsettled; difficult to get quotation; holders firm, and what demand there is is small speculation. Mess pork at $19.75. Kettle lard at 11½c, held at 11¾. Bulk meats held at 7½@8¾c; for shoulder, clear rib, and clear sides; 9@9¾c for sugar cured; and higher; for live closing $6.30@7.00; dressed dull at $8.00; receipts of all kinds 3500.

Louisville.

LOUISVILLE, January 10.—Tobacco: sales of all kinds fresh to good logs at $4.70@6.75; low to medium leaf at $7@9. Bagging quiet at 20@26c. Cotton in fair demand and prices advanced. Flour steady, with extra family at $5.75. Grain very quiet. Hogs steady at $6@6.65. Provisions very firm, with an upward tendency. Pork—mess $20.50. Bacon—shoulders 9¾c; do clear rib sides 11¾c. Bulk Meats—shoulders 12c; do clear rib sides 10¾c; do clear 11c. Lard firm and quiet at 87c.

Cotton Markets.

MEMPHIS, January 10—Cotton excited and higher; held at 14½@14¾c. Receipts 3,222 bales; shipments 2,115 bales.

MOBILE, January 10.—Cotton demand good at full prices. Middling 14½@15c.

GALVESTON, January 10.—Cotton demand good at full prices. Middling 14¾c.

CHARLESTON, January 10.—Cotton demand fair at market firm. Middling 14½@14¾c.

NEW ORLEANS, January 10.—Cotton demand good. Middling 14½@14¾c.

Toledo.

TOLEDO, January 10.—Flour steady. Wheat active and advanced 2c; No 1 white Michigan $1.36; regular do $1.35; amber Michigan $1.36; red Wabash $1.31. Corn is in light demand but holders are firm; low mixed and Michigan 50c. Oats dull and unchanged; No 1 44c; No 3 do Michigan 42c. Clover seed steady at $6. Hogs steady at $7.35 for heavy.

Philadelphia.

PHILADELPHIA, January 10.—Flour steady with western family at $6.25@7; Indiana and Ohio $6.25@7.25. Wheat firmer; Indiana at 90 @1.05. Rye quiet and unchanged. Corn very steady; yellow 76@77c; mixed 75@76c. Oats firmer, western State 57@58c. Petroleum active and advanced; crude 16@c; refined 24½c. Whisky quiet and unchanged.

Milwaukee.

MILWAUKEE, January 10.—Flour unchanged; extra spring $5.25. Wheat active and advanced 4c; No. 2 $1.11@; No. 1 $1.16. Oats firm; No. 2 47c. Corn dull and declining. Rye firm; No. 1 72c. Barley: No. 2 78c. Mess pork is more active at $18@18½. Dressed hogs are selling higher at 7½c.

Baltimore.

BALTIMORE, January 10.—Flour steady; western family $6.75@7.50. Wheat scarce and firm; Ohio held at $1.50@1.55. Corn firmer; white sold at 66c; yellow at 58c. Oats firm at full prices; held at 50@55c. Rye dull but unchanged at 75@80c. Provisions unchanged. Whisky unchanged at 90@91c.

Cleveland.

CLEVELAND, January 10.—Flour quiet and unchanged. Wheat firm; No 1 red winter $1.38; No 2 held at $1.31. Corn firmer; white shelled 58c. Oats steady; 56c. Petroleum quiet and weak; crude $4.90, refined firm; 22c.

IMPORTS BY RAILROAD.

PITTSBURGH, FORT WAYNE AND CHICAGO RAILROAD, January 10.—1 car corn, Hitchcock, McCreery & Co; 34 bbls flour, Shumaker & Co; 1 car corn, H F Jackson & Co; 88 hides, J Hammett & Son; 2 pkgs butter, 16 bbls green apples, W H Graff & Co; 5 bbls hominy, J A Renshaw; 5 kegs butter, E H Bassen; 80 bbls flour, owner; 1 box d elderberries, W J Steel Jr; 1 bbl whisky, J Gallagher; 1 bbl butter, P Duff; 55 bales hops, Spencer & McK; 98 kegs h shoes, Whitmore, W & D; 2 bxs soap, Wincher, H & Co; 70 h nails, England & B; 16 bbls shovels, Myers & A; 2 bbls butter, 2 sks rags; H Riddle; 270 sks oats, J & W Fairley; 5 bbls w whisky, Schmidt & Friday; 1 bbl potash, Baccus & Son; 30 bxs cheese, N J Braden; 3 bales hops, J White Jr; 60 sks flour, Seghmyer & Voskamp, 1 car corn, H Knox & Son; 25 bbls highwines, R C Lyons; 25 do do, J McCullough; 500 bbls flour, owner; 600 do do, Dan Wallace; 100 do do, Watt, Lang & Co; 25 pkgs butter, Voigt, M & Co; 10 bxs cheese, 20 pkgs butter, Wainworth & Davison; 100 hides, D Chestnut & Co; 9 bbls oil, A A Kelly; 5 bbls molasses, Head & Metzgar; 2 cars green hams, M W Peters; 1 do shoulders, Dalzell & T; 4 bxs butter, Watt, Lang & Co.

CLEVELAND AND PITTSBURGH RAILROAD COMPANY, January 10.—8 cars iron ore, Shoenberger, Blair & Co; 5 do do, Jones & Laughlin; 2 do do, J Painter & Son; 3 do do, Graham & Cullough, & Co; 2 do do, Bryan & Caughey; 1 do do, McKnight, P & Co; 1 do do, Union Iron Mills; 2 bbls flour, Coleman, Rahm & Co; 1 do do, Iron, Nimick & Chalfant; 1 do do, Zug & Co; 1 car telegraph poles, Western Union Telegraph Co; 7 bxs Brasses, Pickersgill, L A Co; 6 bbls oil cups, Park & Co; 1 bx wood in shape, L J Brecht; 5 bbls I oil, J W Drake & Co; 1 bbl. 1 bale wool, J R Taylor; 1 organ, J Knox; 2 bxs hardware, P Townsend; 77 bbls of apples, W H Graff; 16 sks corn, Scott & Glisa; 4 buckets and 1 bit bbl lard, J W Fife; 1 dressed hog, P Duff & Son; 1 bbl and 1 tx butter, Atwell & Lee; 1 keg lard, J A Graff; 21 bbls apples, Arbuckles & Co.

ALLEGHENY STATION, January 10.—1 car metal; S Reynolds; 2 do lumber, Mullin, Stewart & Co; 1 do shingles, Frazier & Bro; 2 do lumber, Jas McIlvaine; 190 bbls vage, J B Jones; 10 sks cider, F Stabler; 2 cars shingles, John Alston & Son; 1 do do, A C Taggart; 2 bbls oatmeal, A Lockhart, Jas Lockhart; 30 bgs beans 165 do oats, 50 do cornmeal, 34 do b w flour, Barbour & Wilson; 55 bales cotton, Kennedy, Childs & Co; 20 carpets, Graff, Bennett & Co; 200 sks flour, Hippley & Beckert; 26 bbls flour, M Steel & Son; 2 cars wheat, W McKee & Co; 8 bbls apples, Brenneman & Reno; 1 car corn, Cartwright, Allen & Co; 5 bales cotton, Holmes, Bell & Co; 1 car corn, W G Gibson.

PITTSBURGH CINCINNATI AND ST. LOUIS RAILROAD, January 10.—1 box d apples, 1 bbl do, 1 sack do, 1 do peaches, 1 do do, A M Rankin & Bro; 9 cases tobacco, Austin & Co; 1 bbl eggs, 3 do lard, 1 bx tallow, Mennor & Harper; 25 sks oats, Bruce & Co; 100 bbls flour, 100 sks do, V Ludwig; 100 do do, G Meyer; 4 kegs butter, 2 do lard, Voigt, Mahood & Co; 2 cases oil, Bumgardner & Co; 1 bbl bulk wheat, Gilmore & Co; 21 sks feathers, Isaiah Dickey & Co; 9 hhds sugar, J S Dilworth & Co; 25 bales cotton, Kennedy, A & Co; 2 bxs hardware, A R Rakin; 1 car lumber, S S Johnson; 3 cars staves, W Hastinga; 2 do do, J Painter & Son.

ALLEGHENY VALLEY RAILROAD, January 10.—2 cars metal, John Moorhead; 1 roll leather, M Bullock; 1 car chairs, C Dilworth & Co; 1 bgs wheat, Blaney & Moore; 45 do oats, F McGrew; 1 car wheat, W McKee & Co; 4 dressed hogs, A Caughey; 4 do, Thos. Shannon; 1 bbl eggs, Moore & Robb; 1 bx poultry, 1 do butter, G W Craigmeat; 3 bgs poultry, butter and eggs, J C Cuddy; 5 do do, Jas Hilty; 6 do do, G W Crisman; 4 do do, H F Bruggerman.

WEST PENN RAILROAD COMPANY, January 10.—90 sks oats, Laing & McKallip; 101 do do, Voeghtly & Kopp; 21 do do, Charles & Peoples; 24 do do, Black & Shaffer; 5 bbls salt, Spang, Chalfant & Co; 10 rolls leather, S Harbaugh & Co; 2 pkgs liquor, S Redlebeim.

RIVER PACKETS.

U. S. MAIL LINE.

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LEAVES DAILY AT 8 A. M. & 4:30 P. M.

FOR ALL POINTS ON THE MONONGAHELA RIVER.

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For further particulars inquire on Wharfboat, foot of Grant street, Pittsburgh.

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Cabin passage, $75 and $80, currency. Excursion Tickets $130, currency.

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Deposits received and 6 per cent. allowed on time deposits. Particular attention given to Collections, and proceeds promptly remitted.

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	S. H. Geyer.

JAMES L. GRAHAM, President.
JOHN W. RIDDLE, Cashier. jn16:n10

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ALLEGHENY NATIONAL BANK,

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RIVER NEWS.

The weather moderated somewhat yesterday, but was still cold enough last evening for a full of snow, and the indications were very favorable for a snow storm.

There is nothing new to report about the river, nothing at least deserving of special notice. Business is entirely suspended at the wharf, and is likely to remain so until navigation is resumed, of which there is but little prospect at present.

At Charleston the Kanawha is frozen hard, and the people have had but one mail in eight days up to Saturday night. The Ohio was frozen at Cattlesburg Saturday night, but the local packets were still running. There is no gorge between Gallipolis and Cincinnati. The river is still closed between Cincinnati and Madison, but the gorge at Madison is broken. Several gorges continue between Madison and Louisville, and between Louisville and Evansville. The only portions of the Ohio river that are now being navigated by steamboats, are between Portsmouth and Cincinnati, a distance of one hundred and thirteen miles, and between Evansville and Cairo, a distance of one hundred and eighty-four miles—two hundred and ninety-seven miles of navigation in a river nine hundred and sixty-seven miles long. The gorge broke at Blue river Friday night, which left an open reach Rover and barges to get to New Albany, but another gorge was formed a half hour afterward below.

—Captain Sam. Parker and pilots Wash. Tenley and John Gray, of the Sam. Parker, and pilot Joe Purcell, of the sunken H. S. Turner, left Cairo on Saturday for Memphis, where he yesterday by rail. They came to Cairo on the Minnesota, from the wreck of the Turner. Captain Parker thinks it very much doubtful whether the Turner can be raised, as she is badly twisted. She lies near the Missouri shore, a few miles above the mouth of No. 16. Her chimneys fell overboard at the time she sunk. She was running in the regular channel, and struck some hidden obstruction that made no break, either before or after she struck. Mart. Burnham was at the wheel of the Turner when she struck. The wrecking boat T. F. Eckert passed Cairo, Saturday, on her way to the Turner.—*Cincinnati Gazette.*

—The towboat Shark, aground at Liberty Bar, has sunk, owing to the sand washing out under her. She was owned by the Barge Company, valued $60,000, and insured in Pittsburgh and Cincinnati offices for $24,000. The wrecking boat Aid may go to her assistance.

The ice gorge three miles below Steubenville gave way on Thursday, carrying several coal flats down the river, as well as logs to the value of $5,000, a flat of sand and a boat laden with straw for the Steubenville paper mill.

The Mollie Ebert, New Orleans to Pittsburgh arrived at Cairo on Sunday. The Bellemont was at Memphis on Saturday, and left for this port 106 hhds sugar 600 bbls and 50 half bbls molasses.

The trestling to be used in putting up a span of the railroad bridge at Bellaire over the Ohio, was swept off by the ice a few nights since.

An engine passed over the B. & O. bridge, at Parkersburg, Saturday, for the first time. Trains will be running over the bridge Thursday.

—The H. C. Yeager and Warner and barges for the Ohio river, and the Arkansas for the Arkansas river left New Orleans last Saturday.

—The Charmer relieved the Messenger at Scuttletown, and both went into Pomeroy Sunday.

—Capt. W. F. Fuller was able to appear on the street Saturday.

LEGAL.

ADMINISTRATOR'S SALE.—By virtue of an order of the Orphans' Court of Allegheny county, to me directed, I will expose to public

THE DAILY GAZETTE.

HOME NEWS.

Richard Hays, Esq. will succeed James McAulyand as President of the Iron City National Bank.

Remember—The GAZETTE is delivered at your door for *fifteen* cents per week, payable to the carrier.

There will be a meeting of the Press Association in the private office of the Mayor this evening at 7:30 o'clock.

Henriette Homburg charged Wm. Cooper, before Alderman Humbert, yesterday, with disorderly conduct. Fined $5 and costs.

A broken axle on a freight car threw a freight train on the Connellsville Railroad off the track at Long Run yesterday morning.

Mr. Jacob Ulrich has been chosen Treasurer *Pro tem* of the new German Savings Bank on the Southside. A general meeting of Stockholders will be held January 23d.

Yesterday Mayor Brush sent Wm. Poatsch to the House of Refuge, for stealing a pair of shoes from the door on Market street. The father declined to have anything to do with the boy.

In the 22d Connection District, Pittsburgh, there are 167 Cigar manufactories, 19 Tobacco manufactories, 24 Breweries, 5 Distilleries, 65 Wholesale Liquor Dealers, 34 Rectifiers, 1826 Retail Liquor Dealers.

Johnny Robinson Captured.—While Chief of Police Maguire, accompanied by a posse was searching for David Jones, recently escaped from the Work House, they entered the saloon kept by Joseph Armstrong, where they found John Robinson, whom they captured and took to the lock-up. He will have a hearing before the Mayor this morning.

Mrs. McDonald, wife of the keeper of a market tavern on Federal street, Allegheny, appeared before Mayor Collier yesterday and charged Annie Foulk with the larceny of a pair of gold spectacles valued at $10. Annie is about 15 years of age; the authorities acknowledged the theft, but refused to tell what she had done with them. She probably will be sent to the House of Refuge.

Stock Sales.—The following stocks were sold at private sale yesterday, at the second floor of his auction rooms, 108 Smithfield street:

Exchange National Bank	$ 70
Peoples "	114
First "	181 50
Farmers Deposit National Bank	102
Fifth avenue Bank	108 50

The following are the newly elected officers of the Young Men's Library Association, which has its headquarters at 214 Liberty street: President—Gustav Schleitar. Vice President—Rev. Naumberg. Treasurer—Charles F. Schwar. Secretary—Gustav Schole. Directors—F. L. Gross, Rev. Charles Weil, H. H. Pinkerton, H. Hartje, Bernhard Braun, Bernhard Braub. Auditors—Wm. Reeren, Chas. F. Siedle and Chas. F. Herosse.

There was a meeting of the Mechanics Mose Company, of Birmingham, on Monday evening, to take action on the refusal of the borough Councils to pay the bills presented for the salary of their Janitor, coal and gas bills, and sundry other small items. A committee was appointed to wait upon the council and urge the payment of the bill indicated, but urge an annual appropriation of $600 for the maintainance of the department. The following resolutions threatening to disband if Councils refuse to accede to their demand:

The artist may paint in exquisite coloring the beauties of the landscape, the poet may indite poems of victory for liberty's triumphs, the novelist may lead his readers through scenes of absorbing interest, the lover may in passionate accents of music, overflow with a grander happiness; reserved for the smoker who is privileged to luxuriate in bliss with one of those cigars, which alone can be had at Gerwig & Co.'s, No. 84 Fifth avenue. He is provided with all that can make the heart of the smoker happy.

Anthracite Coal—Where to get it.—Very many of our citizens are indulging in the luxury of Anthracite coal, either for the stove, grate and parlor use. We attribute the increased consumption largely to the enterprise of Heinz & Nicholls, who have made a specialty for this coal in the city, and to the full supply of all qualities, including the best screened coal, which they have kept on hand. Ordering them promptly to deliver it at your door at five or six dollars per ton less than formerly. Their office is at 54 Fourth avenue, where all orders receive prompt attention.

Grain, Flour, &c.—The house of *Lang & McKallip*, at No. 57 Liberty street, is among the best known on that busy thoroughfare. They deal extensively in most kinds of country produce, and at present have extensive stocks of flour of the best brands. They deal in grain and feed, also, in the finest cement for white lime and cement and land plaster. Both members of the firm are energetic and active, they have already built up a fine trade in the surrounding country, and a trade which is a legitimate reward of their enterprise and fair dealings—such men are sure to prosper, and deserve success. It is like to notice their upward progress.

Letters Held for Postage.

The following are the letters held for postage at the Pittsburgh Postoffice, January 10, 1870:

German Savings Bank, Allegheny, Pa., three cents.

Gallagher & Bro., Philadelphia, 3 cents.

Hunter, Maggie, Mt. Lebnon, Pa., 3 cents.

Marshall, T. J., Wheatland Furnace, 3 cents.

Mitchell, Alice, Hagerstown, Md., 3 cents.

Trier & Bro., F. Q., Paris, Ohio, 3 cents.

Charged with Embezzlement.—A Railroad Clerk Sells Tickets on His own Account.

Charles Blythe, a clerk at the Freight Depot of the Pittsburgh, Ft. Wayne & Chicago Railroad, was arrested, on Monday evening, and brought before Alderman Nicholson, and committed to jail on a charge of embezzlement. It appears that for some time past Mr. J. D. Laying, Superintendent of the road has missed tickets, and has been unable to account for their disappearance. By some means, suspicion was attached to Blythe, and he was watched, and is alleged conclusive evidence of his guilt thereupon, a search warrant was served out and placed in the hands of Officer Richardson, who proceeded to the house of the accused, where he found a lot of tickets. He also found on the prisoner's person one hundred and forty tickets, for which he was compelled to give bail to the sum of $1,000 in order to be released from jail for a hearing on Monday next.

The Masquerade at the Keystone Rink last night was a great success. The ice was never in better condition, and it was filled comfortable with an array of graceful skaters, decked in all the variety and grotesque costumery for which these masquerades are peculiar. The costumes, as a general rule, were good and many were on former occasion, but all were attractive and many mirth-provoking in the highest degree.

The attendance of spectators, especially ladies, was unusually large, and the skaters were encouraged by the fourth of their number, by frequent applause. A brass band was in attendance, and with their music considerably enlivened the occasion.

At nine o'clock the signal was given and the masks were laid aside, when the familiar countenances of our best skaters were exhibited. Those who had not costume and had been awaiting the signal, were now admitted to the floor and for a couple of hours, the mirth and fun "grew fast and furious."

Manager Brown can congratulate himself on the *eclat* with which the First Masquerade of the season passed off.

ATTEMPTED BURGLARY.

A Man Caught in the Act of Cutting Out a Panel of a Store Door in South Pittsburgh.

This morning, about one o'clock, a man named Louis Kriess was brought to the Pittsburgh lock-up by Officer John Stemitz, of Justice Barton's district, in the act of cutting out a panel out of a store door in South Pittsburgh. A brace and bits, screw-driver, and a lot of chisels were captured with him. Adolph Seible, of South Pittsburgh, who witnessed the attempt, made an information against Kriess before Alderman Barton and he committed to await a hearing before Justice Barker this afternoon at three o'clock.

NEARLY FATAL ACCIDENT.

An Old Lady with her Clothes on Fire Falls Down Stairs.

An accident of a serious nature and which may result fatally, happened to an elderly lady, named Caldwell, aged 75 years, who resides on Thirty-third street, near Liberty, on Monday. She has been an invalid for some time, and on the day named she got up and went into the kitchen, and almost immediately fell into the grate. She recovered herself and managed to totter to the top of the stairs, when the again lost her balance and fell headlong down the stairs. The noise of her fall attracted the attention of the family who hastened to her assistance. Life's run, and sent for the family physician, who on examination, found that in addition to the injuries she had received by her other injuries which may be the cause of her death.

AFFLICTING ACCIDENT.

A Man Run Over and Killed in the Yards of the Pittsburgh and Cleveland Railroad.

On Monday evening, between nine and ten o'clock, as a coal and stock train was backing into the yard of the Pittsburgh and Cleveland Railroad at Manchester, Edward Fogarty, yard master, went to uncouple some cars attached to the train, slipped and fell, and the train ran over him causing a compound fracture of the left arm near the shoulder, a simple fracture of the left thigh, also a compound fracture of the bones of the right hand; a compound fracture of the left foot, and several bruises in the left side. He was taken to his residence at Wood's Run where he died on Tuesday morning at 4:30 o'clock. He had been in the employment of the Company for the last ten years—six years as yard master and five years as yard master. Coroner Weat was sent for and empannelled a jury, who returned a verdict of accidental death. Deceased was in very delicate state of health, and three children. We understand his remains will be sent to Philadelphia where his parents reside for interment.

BRICKLAYERS' NATIONAL UNION.

Second Day.

The Convention met at nine o'clock yesterday morning.

After the approval of the minutes, the credentials of D. F. Swayne, delegate from Union No. 3, of Pennsylvania, were presented and received, and Mr. S. took his seat.

Mr. Moore, of No 26, New York, applied for the admission of that Union into the National Union, which, after some argument on the subject was allowed. The application was discussed at some length and was finally refused by a vote of 7 yeas to 6 nays.

Mr. Colfax, of No. 11, New York, moved to extend the courtesy of a seat to representatives from the press. Agreed to.

The standing committees were then appointed, after which the annual report of the President was read and received.

The Union then adjourned until this afternoon.

AFTERNOON SESSION.

The Convention re-assembled at two o'clock, and after transacting some business of importance to members of the Union only, at about four o'clock adjourned.

PITTSBURGH COUNCILS.

The Annual Meeting for election of Officers—List for 1871—Joint Session—Resolutions in Memoriam—Council Committees for the ensuing Year.

Yesterday afternoon at two o'clock, Pittsburgh Councils held their annual meeting to elect officers for the ensuing year.

SELECT COUNCIL.

The members assembled promptly, and at two o'clock President Gross called this branch to order.

Clerk MORROW called the roll, when the following members were present.

Messrs. Ahl, Aiken, Bergwin, Chislett, Coffin, Donnelly, Edwards, Friday, Gallaher, Herron, Hoeh, House, Jeremy, Jones, E. P., Jones Isaac, Krhew, Kirk, Lange, Littell, Lloyd, Marshall, McCartny, McCune, Miller, Morrow, Murdoch, Murray, Phillips, Rafferty, Schmidt, Seely, Shipton, Thompson, Walkwright, S. J., Wainwright, Z., Wilson, and President Gross.

MINUTES DISPENSED WITH.

Mr. KIRK offered the following:

Resolved, That in consequence of the death of James McAuley, Esq., that the reading of the minutes be dispensed with, and no business of any kind transacted by either branch of Councils to-day except such as is absolutely required by law.

Some of the members inquired what was the business required by law.

The President explained that the election of officers in joint session was probably meant.

The resolution was then adopted without further debate. Councils then adjourned.

Mr. HERRON asked unanimous permission to present an ordinance fixing the pay of city printers at $5 per square.

Mr. MORROW objected to considering the ordinance at this meeting. It was accordingly laid over.

The clerk was then instructed to notify Common Council that Select Council was ready to go into joint session.

After the adjournment of the joint session, the members of Select Council again assembled in their chamber, when President Gross stated they would await the report of the Special Committee, appointed in reference to Mr. McAuley's death.

Mr. AIKEN offered a resolution, providing that the Presidents of Councils be ex-officio members of the Survey Committee. Adopted.

Mr. MCCUNE, from the special committee, now reported that they had appointed a subcommittee to procure carriages for members of Council attending the funeral of Mr. McAuley, and the committee requested Councils to meet on Wednesday at half past one o'clock to proceed to the funeral.

Select Council then adjourned.

Joint Session.

The Joint Session was called to order by President Gross, of the Select Branch, who stated that they were required to elect city officers and appoint Sinking Fund trustees, banks as depositories for the "unexpended balance."

Mr. PHILLIPS moved to open the bids and elect the depositories before going into an election for officers. Carried.

President GROSS then opened

THE BIDS

which were as follows:

Iron City National Bank	5% per cent.
Peoples "	5% "
Allegheny "	5% "
National Trust Company	5% "
Merchants & Manufacturers Bank	5% "

On motion of Mr. PHILLIPS the National Trust Co. and the Merchants and Manufacturers Bank were then declared elected, and on motion of Mr. PHILLIPS an election to decide the contest between the other two whose bids had been the same.

The roll of Select Council was called and the members voted, the result being in favor of the "Iron City National Bank" by a vote of 58 to 8 for the "Citizens."

So the depositaries are National Trust Company, Merchants and Manufacturers Bank and Iron City National Bank.

CITY OFFICERS FOR 1871.

Mr. HATCHELOR then moved that Councils proceed to elect city officers, which was carried. The following were nominated and elected by acclamation:

City Engineer—H. J. Moore.
City Assessor—T. M. Phelps.
City Solicitor—W. S. McGhee.
Superintendent of Markets—Samuel Kilgore.
Clerk of Markets—James Gallagher.
Monongahela Wharfmaster—A. G. Buchanan
Allegheny Wharfmaster—W. G. McClure.
Salt Inspector—Kinney Goff.
Inspector of Ashes—John McMasters.
Inspector of Tobacco—Wm. Rhinehart.
Bank Measurer—John Mellon.

When the "City Printer" (English), was reached in the list, Mr. McKelvey nominated the "GAZETTE." Mr. Aiken nominated the "Post." Mr. McCarthy "*The Paper*."

The roll was called, the members voting as their names were designated, which resulted "GAZETTE," 27; "Post," 7; "*The Paper*," 5.

The GAZETTE was declared elected.

The "*Pocket's Friend*" was elected German "City Printer" by acclamation, as were also the following to offices named:

Street Commissioners—1st District, John F. Hunter; 2nd District, Geo. Linderman; 3d District, Wm. Hosack.

Road Commissioners—1st District, Harvey VanVoorhis; 2d District, John Vandergrift; 3d District, Wm. Wyley.

Assessor of Water Rent—Chauncey Bostwick.

Supt. of Water Works.—Joseph French.

Meal Inspector—Thomas Lindsay.

Building Inspector—R. M. Reed.

BOARD MEASURERS.

First ward, John Owens; Second, James Gillespie; Third, John T. Brown; Fourth, Brown McClelland; Fifth, Jas. McClelland; Sixth, Christ Kohen; Seventh, Charles Jones; Eighth, Wm. H. Kerr; Ninth, Sam'l O'Brien. Jr.; Tenth, David Beck; Eleventh, H. Donaldson; Twelfth, Samuel Mitchell; Thirteenth, George Corbit; Fourteenth, Samuel Martin; Fifteenth, Wm. Ewing; Seventeenth, Lewis Lish; Seventeenth, Alexander McClintock; Eighteenth, David McKee; Nineteenth, J. E. Beechert; Twentieth, Robt. Kelso; Twenty-first, Ph. Kolpher; Twenty-second, Elgin Bruce; Twenty-third, Samuel Thompson: Messenger to Councils—S. S. Bell.

All the officers being thus elected, the Presidents announced the following

STANDING COMMITTEES FOR 1871.

FINANCE.		GAS.
Select.		*Select.*
Wm. Phillips,		Wm. Phillips,
Matthew Edwards,		C. A. Bergwin,
E. P. Jones,		Henry Floyd.
James B. Murray,		W. J. Friday,
Edward House,		J. C. McCarthy,
Isaac Jones,		Joseph Marshall.
Common.		*Common.*
John H. Aiken,		John H. Hare,
David L. Fleming,		David L. Fleming,
D. Sims,		D. Sims,
Robt. Watson,		Robt. Watson,
S. Deitrich,		S. Deitrich,
Andrew Scott,		Andrew Scott,
C. P. Bodt, Jr.		C. P. Bodt, Jr.
Thos. Rosewell, Jr.		Thos. Rosewell, Jr.
MARKETS.		
Select.		
S. J. Wainright,		
P. H. Laufman,		
A. G. McCandless,		
J. M. Hoeh,		
Richard Thompson,		
B. Schmidt,		
Common.		
Joseph Caskey,		
John C. Mathers,		
Geo. Boothe,		
John Seefreth,		
Wm. Jones,		
Wm. C. Brown,		
W. B. Negley,		
P. E. Schenck,		
B. Gallisnith.		
CITY PRINTING.		
Select.		
James Littell,		
J. H. Ahl,		
S. S. Bell,		
Z. Wainwright,		
J. M. Hoeh.		
Common.		
George B Chalmers,		
Joseph Shoeb,		
Chas. Hamble,		
W. J. Hammond,		
Chas. Hauch,		
Louis J. Fleming,		
A. M. Barr.		
WOODEN BUILDINGS.		
John Murdock, Jr.		
C. B. Seeley.		
B. Schmidt,		
Thos. Neeley.		
Common.		
Andrew Miller,		
R. H. Negley,		
Wm. Black,		
F. X. Raible,		
S. Belfore.		
Wm. Wallace.		
Chas. Hamble,		
James Coyle.		
APPEALS FROM CITY ASSESSMENTS.		
Select.		
B. Rafferty,		
Jos. Marshall,		
Thos. Donnelly,		
Joseph Glenn.		
Common Council.		
Chas. Haunch,		
W. Bell Smith,		
G. Follansbee,		
John Froelich,		
Chas. Bergner,		
P. Lagerman.		
CITY PROPERTY.		
Select.		
Wm. Phillips.		
W. H. Glenn,		
Wm. Rafferty,		
A. H. Ahlborn,		
J. S. Devlin.		
Common.		
Frank Kelly,		
J. J. Albeitz,		
Robt. Kyle,		
J. M. Richmond,		
A. B. Hayden,		
Isaac Reese,		
P. Dolph.		
MOSSORGAN'S A WHARF.		
Select.		
Samuel Morrow.		
G. W. Collin,		
B. Rafferty,		
Robt. Liddell,		
S. J. Wainwright.		
Common.		
John Fleming,		
D. W. C. Carroll,		
P. A. Rowley,		
David L. Fleming,		
Joseph Moore,		
H. W. Buffum,		
P. Lagerman,		
Peter Price.		
MARKET HOUSE.		
Select.		
David Kirk,		
P. E. Allorn,		
Z. Wainright,		
J. R. McCune,		
Common.		
Geo. B. Chalmers,		
Daniel Kinzer,		
Geo. Lowrie,		
F. X. Raible,		
Jos. Coyle,		
M. Wallace.		
ORDINANCES.		
Select.		
Hill Burgwin,		
Thos. Gallaher,		
John McCarthy,		
G. W. Collin,		
W. H. Glenn.		
Common.		
Wm. B. Negley,		
Josiah Cohen.		
P. Dolph.		
SURVEY.		
Select.		
Matthew Edwards,		
Henry Lloyd.		
H. G. Herron.		
John Chislett.		
C. B. Seeley.		
J. Murdock, Jr.,		
John Chislett.		
Common.		
C. W. Batchelor.		
Henry Floyd.		
F. Kobens.		
J. E. McKelvey.		
David Allen, Jr.		
Daniel Kinzer,		
J. C. Mattern.		
T. A. Rowley.		
RETRENCHMENT AND REFORM.		
Select.		
Samuel Morrow.		
T. J. Gallaher.		
Common.		
B. W. Morgan,		
J. M. Richmond,		
W. J. Gilmore.		

DEATH OF MR. M'AULEY.

Mr. John R. McCune, of the Fourth ward, now formally announced the death of Mr. McAuley in appropriate terms, and then offered the following:

Whereas, It is the inscrutable Providence of God, JAMES MCAULEY has been removed from the scene of his earthly labors by the hand of death; and, whereas, we desire to place upon the records of the city some expression of the profound sorrow which animates our hearts in view of this sad event; therefore,

Resolved, That while we would reverently bow in meekness before the Supreme Ruler of the Universe, who has permitted this great affliction to overtake us, we desire to give utterance to the feelings of grief and sadness with which we, in common with all our citizens, have learned of his death.

Resolved, That in every position in which he was identified with the affairs of the city, he has left the impress of his wisdom, practical good sense and patriotic devotion to the best interests of the city; and that we as members of Council will ever cherish his memory and strive to emulate his virtues.

Resolved, That this sad bereavement the city has lost a sagacious and enlightened citizen, an incorruptible public servant, a generous and unselfish friend, and a companion, one whose integrity, good judgment, and native energy of character have enabled him to rise to affluence and distinction, and whose memory will be beloved honored and revered.

Resolved, That while we would not intrude upon the sacred grief of the family, we must be permitted to express our sincere condolence and tender our sympathy with them in their irreparable loss.

Resolved, That these resolutions be entered upon the minutes, a copy thereof be furnished to the family of deceased, signed by the Presidents and attested by the Clerks of Councils, and that we attend the funeral in a body to-morrow afternoon at two o'clock.

Resolved, That a committee of Councils, to be appointed by the President of Councils, to make arrangements for suitable honors to the remains of the lamented dead, and that the Mayor and heads of the executive and ministerial officers be requested to unite with the City Councils in the last sad obsequies to be rendered to the city without the knowledge of Councils; and also requesting him to delay action on the bill until if had been examined by committee. Adjourned.

Select Council then went into joint session.

Returning to their chamber, after the joint session, business was resumed.

RESOLUTIONS.

Mr. RIDDLE offered a resolution, ordering the new City Code to be printed as soon as possible, and distributed to the people, to furnish each member of Council with a copy.

Mr. PATTERSON moved that when Council adjourn, it adjourn to meet on the second Thursday evening in February. Adopted.

Adjourned.

Common Council.

President SLACK, at ten minutes to eight, by a vigorous use of the gavel, called this branch to order, when Clerk Dilworth called the roll, the following members answering:

Messrs. Ashworth, Brown, Conley, Cooke, Dalzell, Gilliland, Hunker, Hastings, Heckel, Hughes, Knox, McNeelis, Robert, Rowbottom, Reed, Smith, Shipman, Taggart, Voegtly, Walters and President Slack.

The clerk read the minutes of the last meeting of Councils—the old body—which were approved by the new. Also the proceedings of the meeting for organization Jan. 3, 1871.

SWORN IN.

Mr. J. S. Reed, the member elect from the Eighth ward, who had been absent on the day of organization, was now sworn in as a member of the body.

The clerk was directed to notify Select Council that C. C. was ready to go into joint session for the election of officers.

THE MANCHESTER RAILWAY.

After the joint session,

Mr. MCNEILL offered the following:

Resolved, That the Senators and Representatives from Allegheny county in the Legislature be requested to have action taken on the bill granting additional privileges to the Pittsburgh, Allegheny and Manchester Passenger Railway Company, already presented to both branches of the Legislature, and approved by Councils; and that they be requested to take the same action on all other bills of a similar nature.

Mr. HASTINGS amended so as to instruct the clerk to forward a copy of the resolution to the Legislature, after which it was adopted unanimously.

Mr. TAGGART presented a petition for the opening of additional alleys in the ward of Shield's Alley. Referred to Survey Committee.

There being no other business presented, the Clerk was directed to notify select Council that C. C. was ready to adjourn.

Mr. Dalzell asked if anything had been done in reference to filling the vacancy which should constitute a quorum of a committee.

The President said that matter was under the consideration of a committee appointed to revise the Rules. Council then adjourned.

Joint Session.

The members of the Select Council having assembled in the Common Council chamber.

President SLACK, of the Common Branch, called the joint session to order, and stated the object of the meeting.

Nominations were then in order, when the following officers were nominated and elected by acclamation:

Controller—Wm. M. Porter.
Treasurer—David Macferren.
City Engineer—Charles Dodds.
City Solicitor—W. B. Rodgers.
Street Commissioner—Thos. McGraw.
Supt. of Water Works—Wm. Paull, Jr.
Weighmaster Diamond Scales—George McNulty.
Wharfmaster, Eastern District—Augustus Daffner.
Wharfmaster Western District—S. R. Davis.
Chief Engineer Fire Department—James E. Crow.
Clerk of Committees—J. R. Oxley.
Assessors—David Dalzell and Cornelius.
Janitor City Hall—John Marshall.
Park Commissioners—J. C. Patterson, H. Wells.
German City Printer—*Prodcits Freund*.
Clerk of Markets—Duncan Dallas.
Weighmaster—Edward Wall and T. White.
Salt Inspector—A. Haslett.
City Tax Assessor—J. R. Ray.
English Paper—GAZETTE. Been made for Ap

BOARD MEASURERS.

First Ward—Robert White.
Second Ward—A. G. Downie.
Third Ward—M. Simon.
Fourth Ward—Andrew Davidson.
Fifth Ward—Jas. Gilland.
Sixth Ward—Thos. H. Gibson.
Seventh Ward—F. Beck.
Eighth Ward—John McDowell and James McVey.
Ninth Ward—A. Sward.
Messrs. J. C. Patterson, Alfred Slack, and Hugh McNeil were elected members of the Park Commission by acclamation.
Joint Session then adjourned.

The following are the

STANDING COMMITTEES

of Allegheny Councils for 1871.

FINANCE.		GAS.
Select.		*Select.*
*J. W. Hall,		G. Moul,
G. D. Riddle,		S. C. Schoyer,
D. Mathias,		S. S. Thompson,
A. Reineman,		G. Wittmer.
J. Kirkpatrick.		*Common.*
Common.		*Wm. Rowbottom,
H. McNeil,		J. J. Heckel,
J. Gilliland,		T. Brown,
S. H. Smith,		J. Taggart,
P. Walters, Jr.,		W. C. Cooke.
W. C. Cooke.		SURVEYS,
S. B. Thompson.		DRAINS,
George Wittmer.		&c.
H. Omsler.		*Select.*
Common.		A. Patterson,
*S. Hastings,		J. Huckenstine,
Wm. Rowbottom,		G. Phillips,
J. S. Reed,		D. Mathias.
W. C. Cooke.		*Common.*
WATER.		J. Gilliland,
Select.		S. B. Smith,
*G. Wettach,		P. Walters, Jr.,
G. Wittmer.		N. H. Voegtly,
D. Mathias.		J. S. Reed,
J. Kirkpatrick.		APPEALS.
Common.		*Select.*
H. McNeil,		*H. Omsler,
S. Brahm,		L. Peterson,
J. H. Knox,		A. Wettach,
T. Brown,		G. Wittmer.
S. McRoberts.		*Common.*
POLICE.		S. B. Smith,
Select.		J. Taggart,
*O. Phillips,		J. J. Heckel,
J. Megraw,		J. H. Knox,
A. Patterson.		T. Brown,
D. Mathias.		S. McRoberts.
Common.		FIRE ENGINES.
S. Hastings,		*Select.*
J. E. B. Dalzell,		O. Phillips,
S. Ashworth,		A. Patterson,
G. F. Conley,		J. Megraw,
S. McRoberts.		A. Reineman.
RAILROADS.		*Common.*
Select.		*J. E. B. Dalzell,
*J. Kirkpatrick.		S. Hastings,
G. D. Riddle.		J. E. B. Dalzell,
G. Moul.		S. Ashworth,
H. Omsler.		G. F. Conley,
Common.		S. McRoberts.
Wm. Rowbottom,		MARKETS.
T. Brown,		*Select.*
J. J. Heckel,		G. Moul,
J. P. Dean.		S. C. Schoyer,
PRINTING.		S. S. Thompson,
Select.		G. Wittmer.
A. Wettach,		*Common.*
G. Moul,		*G. F. Conley,
H. Omsler.		J. Ashworth,
Common.		J. S. Reed,
*N. H. Voegtly,		J. P. Dean,
H. McNeil,		W. C. Cooke.
G. F. Beilstein.		STREET RAILROADS.
J. Hughes.		*Select.*
DIVISION OF WARDS.		*S. S. Thompson.
Select.		J. Megraw,
J. Huckenstine,		G. Wettach,
J. Megraw,		H. Omsler.
G. D. Riddle,		*Common.*
D. Mathias.		J. Gilliland,
Common.		S. H. Smith,
*J. Shipman,		P. Walters, Jr.,
G. F. Conley,		J. S. Reed,
J. S. Reed,		J. P. Dean.
J. J. Heckel.		PRINTING.
WOODEN BUILDINGS.		*Select.*
G. Wettach,		*H. Omsler,
L. Peterson,		L. Peterson,
J. C. Patterson,		A. Wettach,
D. Mathias.		G. Wittmer.
Common.		*Common.*
*S. Beohm,		S. B. Smith,
J. E. B. Dalzell,		J. Taggart,
S. Hughes,		J. J. Heckel,
J. Ashworth,		J. H. Knox,
S. B. Smith.		T. Brown,
COMMON GROUNDS.		S. McRoberts.
Select.		FIRE ENGINES.
*A. Reineman,		*Select.*
L. Peterson,		O. Phillips,
J. C. Patterson,		A. Patterson,
S. C. Schoyer.		J. Megraw,
Common.		A. Reineman.
S. Brahm,		*Common.*
J. P. Dean,		*J. E. B. Dalzell,
W. C. Cooke,		S. Hastings,
G. F. Beilstein,		J. E. B. Dalzell,
J. Shipman.		S. Ashworth,
		G. F. Conley,
*Chairman.		S. McRoberts.
		MARKETS.
		Select.
		J. Huckenstine,
		G. Moul,
		S. C. Schoyer,
		S. S. Thompson,
		Common.
		*G. F. Conley,
		J. Ashworth,
		J. S. Reed,
		J. P. Dean,
		W. C. Cooke.
		STREET RAILROADS.
		Select.
		*S. S. Thompson,
		J. Megraw,
		G. Wettach,
		H. Omsler.
		Common.
		J. Gilliland,
		S. H. Smith,
		P. Walters, Jr.,
		J. S. Reed,
		J. P. Dean.
		PRINTING.
		Select.
		A. Wettach,
		G. Moul,
		H. Omsler.
		Common.
		Wm. Rowbottom,
		T. Brown,
		J. J. Heckel,
		J. P. Dean.
		WATER.
		Select.
		*G. Wettach,
		A. Wettach,
		D. Mathias.
		J. Kirkpatrick.
		Common.
		H. McNeil,
		S. Brahm,
		J. H. Knox,
		T. Brown,
		S. McRoberts.
		POLICE.
		Select.
		*O. Phillips,
		J. Megraw,
		A. Patterson.
		D. Mathias.
		Common.
		S. Hastings,
		J. E. B. Dalzell,
		S. Ashworth,
		G. F. Conley,
		S. McRoberts.
		RAILROADS.
		Select.
		*J. Kirkpatrick.
		G. D. Riddle.
		G. Moul.
		H. Omsler.
		Common.
		Wm. Rowbottom,
		T. Brown,
		J. J. Heckel,
		J. P. Dean.

Words of Cheer.

All hail to 1871! May it be a year of charity towards all and malice towards none; not forgetting that charity, like many other blessings of this life, begins *at home*. For the soul below the poorhouse, and they may not be comfortable; and for the body to be comfortable the laws of health must not be violated.

Our physicians tell us, "Dine right." Hundreds of business men are kept peevish and miserable all the year by eating improper and badly-prepared food, at irregular hours. If such are obliged to dine down town, let them do so at the Continental, Fifth avenue, below the postoffice, and they may soon find more, in order to collect wages alleged to be due, made the information before the Alderman charging Watson with having robbers "without their consent, and had discharged them after they had done his work without paying them for it," but for informations had not been to. The case is still on trial.

SCHOOL PRESENTATIONS.

An Interesting Occasion in the Sixth Ward Schools—Presentation to Principal and Schoolars.

One of those interesting occasions, by no means frequent enough, but always of lasting remembrances, took place yesterday afternoon at the Forbes District (Sixth ward) Schools, Ann street. It was singing day in the school, and the last hour of the session found the music teacher, Prof. Slack, with a number of ladies and gentlemen, in the higher room. After the singing of some delightful songs by the pupils, a part of the latter were presented with books on behalf of the Lincoln Debating Society of the ward, for meritorious conduct and perfect attendance. More than it was then had, after which intimation was made that further pleasant business was to be transacted, and, amid considerable wonder as to what it could be, an organization was formed by the selection of Rev. John R. Sands as presiding officer. Several gentlemen then brought in a table upon which was seen a magnificent silver tea set.

Rev. Mr. Sands called upon Mr. Linstein in the matter, which he did in a very neat and happy speech. It was, it appeared, a present to Prof. L. H. Anderson, Principal of the school, on behalf of a number of his friends, citizens of the ward, in recognition of his long services as an educator in that district. Mr. Beid spoke of the appreciation in which Mr. Eaton has always been held, and said he was pleased at being present and having the opportunity to participate in the interesting occasion. His remarks, laudatory of the services of the Principal, were warmly responded to, and present, and on behalf of the citizens he presented the beautiful present with the best wishes for a long life, health and happiness of the recipient.

Mr. Eaton, deeply affected, replied with earnestness and true worth. He spoke of his long services in the cause of education and said that at no period during the thirty years of which he had been a teacher he had been more interest, felt more earnest, nor he believed had he been more successful than during the last few years. In addition to his constant increasing experience as teacher, he had for several years not neglected that which had greatly assisted him, by being a director of a flourishing school in our sister city, Allegheny. He closed with a few words of thanks to wishes for the donors and for all citizens of the sixth ward for their co-operation in the great cause in which he labored.

Rev. Sands then made some very excellent remarks appropriate to the occasion, more particularly addressed to the pupils. He expressed his pleasure at being present and noted the good results that must follow from earnest effort and co-operation between pupils, teachers and parents. Professors Wm. Slack and Horner then favored the audience with some music, and after hearty congratulations the assemblage dispersed. We regret that we have not room for a more extended report of this happy affair.

We must not neglect to state that to Mrs. Reuben Leonard and Mrs. Louis Berzowitz, belongs the credit of procuring the handsome

METEOROLOGICAL RECORD.

Observations Made by the Storm Signal Service of the United States Army.

Pittsburgh, Jan. 10, 1871.

	A. M.	P. M.	P. M.
	7:35	4:25	11:20
Height of Barometer	30.40	30.13	30.12
Change since last report	16	.27	.01
Thermometer	17°	35°	29°
Change in last 24 hours	6°	15°	9°
Direction of wind	E	S	S
Velocity of wind—miles per hour			
Pressure of wind—pounds per square foot.			
Force of Wind reduced to Beaufort scale—approx	B	B	A
Amount of cloud	8	8	3
Rain-fall since last report—inches and hdths	0.13		
State of weather	3	3	6

Remarks.—The telegraphic reports, only the variations of the Barometer since the last reports are given; decrease being counted as from the highest reading, which is the minus sign.

Character of the winds, to save space, is indicated by letters of the alphabet, as follows: A, just perceptible; B, gentle brisk; C, pleasant brisk; D, very brisk; E, high wind; F, very high wind; G, strong gale; H, violent gale; I, hurricane, J, most violent hurricane.

State of the weather is expressed by figures from 1 to 6: 1 being clear, as 0; 2, fair, 1/4 to 1/2 cloud; 3, cloudy, 3/4 to wholly covered; 4, light rain; 5, heavy rain; 6, snow.

The barometer is corrected for temperature, elevation and instrumental error.

JAS. WEST, Observer.

OUR CITY SCHOOLS.

The Central Board of Education—Regular Meeting Yesterday—Reports from the Officers—The School Finances—Condition of the Schools—The Teachers' Salaries—Night Schools, &c., &c.

The Central Board of Education met at their rooms, Fourth avenue, Tuesday, January 10, 1871.

Members present—Messrs. Chadwick, Craig, Cuddy, Hamilton, Harrison, Hartman, Mitchell, Neckermann, Nobbs, Shaw, and Wilson. President.

The minutes of the two last meetings were read and approved.

The following reports were then read:

REPORT OF THE CITY SUPERINTENDENT.

GENT